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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
POWER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT
Is supplied with all the requisites for doing first-class Job Printing business, and promptly executes Wedding Cards, Visiting Cards, Business Cards, Ball Cards, Fancy Show Cards, Posters, Handbills, Programmes, Billheads, Dodgers, Bills of Fare, Wine Cards, Law Cases and Points, Statements, Pamphlets, Circulars, Books, etc., in the latest and neatest styles and at the lowest prices. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

THE DAY'S SPAN.

In the splendor of the valley,
Flower studded—hill begirt—
Limpid stream and drooping willow
With the breeze and sunshine flirt.
In the pasture on the hillside
Graze the solemn, meek-eyed kine,
While the sweetness of the hay field
Mingles with the odorous pine.

Mingles with the pine tree's balsam,
Waving grain and song of bird,
While the heavens overarching
Like stained glass windows softly blurred,
Glorify the day's swift marching,
Led by nature's twilight hymn,
As above the peaceful valley
Loom the mountains vast and grim,

Shadows lengthen—Day is dying—
Homeward face the roving kine—
Loud the little streamlet babbles
O'er the pebbles 'neath the vine:
Faster—lower droop the shadows—
From time's brief loom the day is torn,
Darkness shrouds the beauteous valley—
Day is dead—the night is born.

See! The gloom of mount is broken;
Livid silver threads the air,
Rifts of light like heralds follow,
Bursts the moon in radiance fair.
Valley, streamlet, wood and hill-top,
Glorified—transfigured lie
In the beauty of the night time—
'Neath the throne of God on High.

—Ida Louise Gibbs, in Washington County Post.

General Lord Marchmont, V. C.

By LILLIAS CAMPBELL DAVIDSON.

The village of Charlton Bishop was on fete with evergreen arches and flags and garlands of flowers and bay. "Welcome to Our Hero!" "Well Done, Marchmont!" "Charlton Bishop Bids Welcome to Its V. C. General!" waved from banners stretched across the street.

General Lord Marshmont, K. C. B., V. C., and most of the other letters of the alphabet was their own.

He was born and brought up in the little creeper-grown rectory over yonder, and in spite of all tradition about a prophet in his own country, Charlton Bishop was going mad today in its welcome to its world-renowned hero, fresh crowned with his laurels after the South African war.

At the big house where the Vavasours lived there was excitement, too. Old Sir John had fussed over wreaths and banners, and a house party of carer and distinguished guests waited for the arrival of the hero's triumphant chariot. It was an honor to be asked to meet Lord Marchmont, an honor eagerly sought.

Adela Vavasour looked lovelier even than usual in her Paris frock and hat, the rose color of excitement and gratified anticiaption on her cheek. She walked to the open window and stepped out on the terrace impatiently.

"Do you want me, Adela?"

Grace Rawson's position at Charlton Great House was not particularly well defined. She was not exactly a poor relation, not exactly a companion or housekeeper. She was vaguely described as the Vavasours' cousin, to whom they were kind.

She had been educated with Adela, and when Lady Vavasour died she took up the place of everybody's friend to the household. Adela was too gay a person nowadays, too immersed in her social round and her ambitions and her smart interests, too occupied in motoring, and being photographed for society papers, and speaking at club debates to have much time to spare for her cousin Grace. Yet she beckoned her out now, and drew her along the terrace.

"Grace, I feel quite absurdly fluttered, like a girl in her first season, do you know. I wonder how much he has altered? One knows his face so well from the illustrated papers, and, of course, he is older and sterner, but he is even more handsome than he used to be. How little one dreamed of today, when he went away from Charlton Bishop that last time, a raw, awkward gunner, just expecting his company! I, one had known then! But how could one? Otherwise I would never have refused him. But one never dreamed of this!"

"I suppose not, said Grace, a little dryly. "Yet he was the same man that he is today."

"Oh, hardly! One really couldn't have been such a fool as to follow the drum with him on a subaltern's pay, and spend one's life as a miserable garrison gunner's wife. It was really a little more than he had any right to expect, even if we had played together in the rectory garden when we were both in the sublime innocence of youth. Really, it was presumption then—almost impertinence—for him to fancy I would marry him. Now, of course, it is another thing."

"Is it?" Again there was a strange, faint smile in Grace's gray eyes, a smile sad in its tender memory.

"Grace, don't be idiotic! You talk absurdly sometimes. Of course I could not marry him then. Now it is another matter; of course, he knows that himself. When papa wrote and asked him down to stay with us, he accepted so eagerly that it was quite touching. He knows now he is in a position any woman would be glad to have."

"It ought to be more than flattering—a man like Hugh Marchmont!"

Adela went on, regardless of anything but her own thoughts:

"It will be a kind of romantic compensation for him—like a thing in a book. Here in this very house, where he had his refusal; in the very drawing-room——"

"No; it was out here on this terrace. You sent me to tell him, because you would not do it yourself, Adela, it was atrocious of you! It wasn't womanly! I was too young to understand then; I can see how cruel it was."

Adela laughed. She had a musical laugh, and she daintily snapped off the head of a rose that nodded by the terrace wall.

"Was it here? I don't know," she said, looking about her with interest. "Of course I sent you. He would have stormed and been disagreeable. He was always so desperately serious. What did he say? I never had the curiosity to ask you. Now it becomes interesting, in the light of the present."

"Never mind what he said." The sudden vision rose to her unbidden of the white, pain-drawn face, the incredulous eyes, the boy's sharp lesson in a woman's heartlessness, that changed him into manhood, and sent him stung and smarting into the world. "I shall not tell you; only, if you had seen him as I saw him you could not have waited till he was rich and famous and a hero to ask his forgiveness."

"His forgiveness! My dear goose! a woman don't ask a man to forgive her because she won't be his wife."

"But you let him think you cared for him. You led him on and encouraged him—you know it, Adela. Oh, it—was horribly cruel! You made him suffer."

"That kind of suffering does a boy good. He ought to thank me, if it made him a soldier and a V. C. Anyhow, he can ask the half of my kingdom now, and it won't be denied him."

But even while she spoke there came a shout of cheering. The one gun of the neighborhood exploded with fussy importance, the band at the station struck up "See the Conquering Hero," mixed with the sounds of village hurrahs and the tramp of fast-trotting horses. Adela's still beautiful face sparkled with pride and gratification.

"Why, there he is!" she said gayly. "I must meet him at the top of the terrace steps. Run in and tell the others, Gracie. Rout the Duchess out of her room—she's writing letters. Tell them all to come out and meet him here."

There was a flutter of pretty frocks through the long windows as Grace flew on her errand. People hurried down the terrace to join Adela; her father came round the end of the house. Another moment and the carriage had flashed into sight—had drawn up at the bottom of the steps. The hero of the British people, a little embarrassed by the warmth of his reception, stood smiling and courteous at the steps of the terrace, his hand grasped in his host's, his ears assailed by eager welcomes, his glance passing from one to another of the clamoring group.

They were all vehement to shake hands with him, to bid him welcome home, to shower congratulations and pretty speeches. And still his glance strayed on.

Now he and his beautiful hostess were walking down the terrace together, and in at the long windows of the drawing-room.

She noted with approval his fine, soldierly bearing, his bronzed, strong face—young still, in spite of the faintly grizzled hair about the temples.

"He is better looking even than the portraits of him," she said to herself. His glance was still wandering. Presently he spoke.

"Is Miss Rawson out there on the terrace? I only just shook hands with her a moment ago. I should like to see her if I might."

Adela smiled. She felt she knew his reason.

"He wants to find out from her at once what his chances are," she thought, amused. "Well, he shall be put out of his suspense."

Aloud she said graciously:

"Do go out and talk to her, while I take all these people to listen to the band."

He stepped through the open window, quick to accept the permission.

Grace stood at the terrace end, near the very spot he so well remembered, where he had thought his hope and trust had been slain.

The band at the other side of the house was frantically playing "Soldiers of the Queen." The air was full of the buzz of voices, the lingering cheers beyond the park gates. The world seemed all a-flutter with garlands and roses and festoons, all there for his sake!

He walked down the terrace, and stood face to face with a quiet girl, no longer in her teens, in a white frock.

"Miss Rawson, this is a real pleasure!" Her hand was in his strong, warm clasp, and his kindly eyes on hers. She tried to say something in response to the congratulations that were on every other lip but hers. He stopped them with brief thanks, looking round him with a half-amused glance. "Why, this is the very place where we parted—where I saw the last of you—how many years back?"

Adela was right. He remembered! He had returned with the impulse of that memory still in his heart.

Grace said something trite about changes time had made; she hardly knew what she said. He assented gravely, yet smiling. He was still looking about him as if he were bringing back the little scene.

"Yes, it was here! How often have I thought of it. At night over the camp fire—out on the veldt—under the stars!"

"I hope the pain did not go with you?"

She could not help saying it out of the compassion in her heart.

He looked up quickly, surprised.

"The pain? No, no! That was a pin-prick—a stab for the hour—it could not last! But the memory of that moment lasted; it was at once my solace and my star of hope. Perhaps you will never know how much I owe to it; it can never be told."

The memory of Adela! Had that been his spur, his impulse?

Men's hearts were not the only ones that had to endure pain

She wondered why he should find it needful to put out his strong hand again and take hers into it while he told of his unchanged feeling for Adela.

"But I can speak some of it. I can thank you now for the sweet and gentle womanliness that tried to soften the blow it had to deal me, that showed me all women were not hard and worldly wise and cold. I could have knelt down then and kissed the hem of your garment for the angel you were to me. It was when I had put seas between us that I knew. The strong impression of your face as you looked at me with sorrow and sympathy; the sound of your voice as you tried to comfort me in my disappointment and distress. One moment like that, when two hearts lie open, flashes a searchlight into them. I knew then how great was my mistake, I had taken the shadow for the substance. I had wooed a dream, the real woman stood at my side. She went with me through all the years that followed. I have come back to try to win her. Will you be my longed-for wife?"

And Grace's eyes were misty as she answered, feeling as though the terrace tottered beneath her feet.

"I have loved you always. I loved you then, and I love you now—more dearly. But I never dreamed of this!"
—New York News.

HORN FURNITURE.

Quaint Articles Now Turned Out by Russians on the East Side.

Quaint furniture made of horns is peddled about the city by Russians. It is the output of a little home industry on the East Side, which utilizes the common cow horn for practical purpose.

Three-legged stools, each leg of which is a horn, hat racks with horns fitted together at the butts and a board for the hanging, easy chairs the entire frames of which are horns cleverly pat together, and quaint trophies for wall or mantel are among the wares peddled about on man-back or in carts.

The horns are got from the East Side slaughter houses, and sell for a few cents a pound when lumped in with the hoofs that go to the button makers and to the glue factories. As they appear rough and dingy when first struck from the brutes' heads the horns scarcely seem worth picking up, but under the Russian artisan's skilful treatment they are converted into objects of beauty having the gleam and warm coloring of amber and the lustre of polished shell, with a durability that gives them value.

Some are in tones of white and brown or gray and black with mottlings and curiously mingled figures in the surface, or perhaps a series of rings for distinguishing marks. Those of particularly fine shape and color are reserved for souvenirs, mounted singly and especially cleaned and scraped to answer for drinking horns and fancy pieces, vases and cornucopias. Others have a cord of woven horsehair or a leathern fillet slung about them, meant to hang as a hunter's horn from bracket or wallpiece.

It took several years of experiment with alkalis and antiseptic solutions to discover a practical way for getting the horns into acceptable condition and to learn how to clean and scrape them at so slight expense that they could be sold at a moderate price. Now this secret has been discovered, and every now and then some ingenious novelty is added to the list of the makers.

QUAINT AND CURIOUS.

The mole is said to be deprived of eyes, which is untrue. They are very small, which prevents them from being injured by the earth through which it borrows. When not in use the eyes can be brought forward from the mass of fur which conceals and protects them.

In the orangery of Versailles is the oldest pomegranate tree in France. It dates, in fact, back to the establishment of the orangery in 1685. In exceptionally warm and bright seasons the old tree still decorates its branches with a few flowers, but no fruit has been seen upon it for a long time.

One of the principal articles exported from Morocco are eggs. Last year there were shipped from Tangiers alone 52,400,200 eggs, the value being estimated at about $490,000. This trade has sprung up during the last few years, and has rapidly increased. The eggs, though small, are of good quality, and large quantities are procurable at a moderate price. Most of them go to Gibraltar and the United Kingdom.

Five thousand dollars is a big price to offer for one flea, but that is the amount positively offered by Charles Rothschild of England, for one of those bothersome insects. Mr. Rothschild needs a polar flea to complete his collection of these insects, and the $5000 will be paid over to the person who brings him a flea from the back of the Arctic fox. The flea of the Arctic fox is to flea fanciers what the egg of the great auk is to the collector of birds' eggs. Mr. Rothschild has fitted out a whaler, which is now in the far north, to look for this flea among other Arctic curiosities.

One of the novel features at the St. Louis World's fair will be an enormous floral clock. The dial of this clock will have a diameter of 100 feet, the minute hand will be 15 feet long and made of bright-colored foliage plants. Surrounding them in a circle will be collections of 12 distinct plants, each collection being 25 feet in length and 15 feet wide. The hands of the clock will be of steel and will have wooden troughs for the soil, in which will be planted flowers and green plants. The entire face of the clock will be made of flowers and at night will be lighted up by 1600 incandescent lamps. The machinery of the clock will be hidden from sight.

A curious story of a coin comes from England. Since 1789 and up to a week or so ago there has been lying in one of the oldest of London banks a sealed package containing one of the famous petition crowns of Charles II, known familiarly as the trial piece of Thomas Simon. Simon made 15 of these in an effort to convince Charles that he could make a finer and more artistic coin than could the Dutch. The coin in question was offered twice for sale, unsuccessfully, the last time in 1774. The highest bid was then 20 guineas. In 1789 it was put away to be offered for sale in 114 years. It is the property of a well known nobleman and it is doubtful that he will follow out the purpose of his ancestor.

A woman is never quite comfortable unless her shoes hurt her.

DESTRUCTION THREATENED BY THE TWO-TAILED COMET.

A MOST EXCELLENT IDEA

TARIFF PLANK IOWA REPUBLICANS MIGHT HAVE ADOPTED.

The Superiority of the Cass County Platform as Compared With the One Adopted at Des Moines—One of the Clearest That Has Been Formulated.

The platform adopted by the Cass County Republican convention might well have served as a model for the Iowa Republican State convention that was held a few days later. The Cass County men take no stock in tariff "reform" eccentricities. They recite their unabated faith in protection as a promoter of prosperity and of good wages to American men and women, and they object to any and all attempts to destroy or weaken the protective system now in force. Reciprocity does not especially appeal to them, but they are willing to accept it so far as it can be arranged "with advantage to home industries." An admirable qualification, truly, for there can be no reciprocity in competing products without positive disadvantage to home industries. On the subject of the tariff and the trusts the Cass County platform is one of the best and clearest that has been formulated anywhere:

"We are opposed to the proposition—as sure to bring only bad results—of attempting to control such corporations and organizations or combinations, by destroying the tariff on the products or articles and things which they may produce or handle in the markets, because we believe that to impair or destroy the tariff on such would destroy the living wages of all the hundreds of thousands of laborers, wage earners, working in such employments, and would work disaster to all business and be destructive to living wages of all American laborers and workingmen in our country. And we instruct the delegates elected by this convention to attend as delegates to the Republican State convention of Iowa, in July, 1903, to support and vote in said convention for resolutions in harmony with the above resolutions."

It is unfortunate that a copy of this level-headed resolution did not reach Senator Allison in time to be incorporated bodily by him into the platform submitted to and adopted by the State convention of July 1. Perhaps if the Senator had seen it in time he would have been impressed with the superiority of the Cass County platform as compared with the one adopted at Des Moines.

How It Reaches Trusts.

Those who would reduce the tariff to get at the trusts should bear in mind that the Steel Corporation last year earned $560,510,000. Of this amount $427,000,000 went as expense of operation, while $61,000,000 went for interest and dividends. Operation cost seven times what dividends and interest cost. Operating expenses begin when the ore is dug, the coal mined, and the lime quarried. They stand for wages. On the day when the corporation's dividends are whittled down from $61,000,000 the wages account will be whittled down from many times that figure. That is the way reducing the tariff gets the trust. When the Steel Corporation is reached that way its 168,000 employes are reached the same way.—Chester (Pa.) Republican.

As Bad as Bryanism.

The tariff on iron and steel products is the special attack of all tariff revisionists, and it does not require much wisdom to discern the confusion that would result in any tampering with those schedules at the present moment. The great and powerful Steel Corporation might stand the onslaught, but the workmen would suffer and the independent concerns that have so much money in their purse would be put out of business. The Democratic idea is a bright one—for the Democratic party, but not for the people, the manufacturer or the workingman. It is as bad as Bryanism.—Wheeling Intelligencer.

We All Remember.

After a hard struggle, tariff reform is directly before us. A reduction of tariff changes upon the necessities of life will bring benefits, palpable and substantial, seen and felt by thousands who will be better fed and better clothed and better sheltered."—Grover Cleveland in 1893. And we all remember what happened.—Warren (Ohio) Chronicle.

He is a Fool.

To wage earners: When a man tells you that free trade is a good thing for you, coax him into an alley and tell him he is a fool.—Davenport (Ia.) Republican.

For Political Reasons.

Everybody favors a protective tariff as a means of restoring prosperity and after it has done its work a great many of the politicians begin to assault it—for political reasons only.—Des Moines Capital.

CUTTING PRICES.

Small Sales to Foreigners at Less Than Prices Charged at Home.

It takes very little to make some people "mad clear through." The fact that a limited quantity—less than one per cent. of the total production—of American goods is being sold to foreign countries at cut prices ought not to cause anybody to lose his temper. It seems, however, to have a highly irritating effect upon the Hartford Courant. That paper says:

"This is the sort of thing to make a public spirited citizen mad clear through. It is all right for the manufacturer to throw dust in your eyes and say that it is necessary to get rid of the surplus, but you cannot make an intelligent American believe it pays to sell goods at a loss; or that, if a sacrifice is made at any time, it is right to make it in favor of foreigners and against one's own country. Goods sold at a loss abroad require that goods be sold at home at a profit sufficiently excessive to make up out of us for what was given away there."

The Courant's rage is a trifle behind time. Three years ago the Democratic campaign managers made the utmost use of the cut prices argument to defeat William McKinley for re-election. It was one of their warmest issues, but it cooled off and fell flat. The general mass of voters refused to get "mad clear through" because a very small part of our surplus production finds its way into foreign markets at a slightly reduced price. Most people—practically everybody excepting Democrats and free traders—seem to think it better to unload our surplus on foreigners, even at a small cut in price, than to close our mills and factories when production exceeds domestic consumption. Every exporting nation cuts prices when necessary in order to compete in foreign markets; every exporting nation charges a higher price to its own people on some articles than the price for which it is willing to sell the same articles to foreigners. They have to do it in order to get and hold foreign trade. The United States does very much less of this price cutting than is done by Great Britain, a free trade country. Our people have never grown restive under it, and they never will so long as American labor and wages are the gainers by the operation.

New Classification.

The Iowa City Republican says some of the Cummins papers have been fretting terribly since the State convention, and with reason: "They got it under the belt."—Sioux City Journal.

From a neutral and outside point of view it would seem that the next issue of the newspaper directory will be compelled to establish a new classification in Iowa. "Republican" and "Democratic" have of late been the only distinctions. There will have to be another one, we fear: "Cummins," which is neither Republican nor Democratic, but something of both, with a pronounced leaning toward Democratic.

A Good Idea.

Imports for the year ending last March aggregate one billion dollars. That "robber tariff" wall was real high, but it helped Uncle Sam pay pensions, establish rural routes, improve rivers and erect public buildings, and so forth. Looking at these little thing it's a good idea to keep on letting well enough alone.—Braymer (Mo.) Comet.

A Vindication.

As a vindication of the protective tariff policy the inauguration of a campaign for protection by some of the leading statesmen of Great Britain is one of the most notable events of the times, and it will strengthen the advocates of protection in this country against the advocates of tariff reduction.—Denver Republican.

ALL DOUBTS CLEARED UP.

Applicant's Command of Epithets Proclaimed Him a Sailor.

As is generally known, "seamen's return" tickets are issued by most railways at seaport towns to sailors at reduced rates; but when, the other day, a somewhat stylishly-dressed young man demanded one to Birmingham, the booking-clerk at the Southern seaport town demurred.

"Seamen's returns are only issued to sailors," he snapped.

"Well, I'm a sailor," was the reply.

"I have only your word for that," said the clerk. "How am I to know it is correct?"

"How are you to know it?" came the answer. "Why, you leather-necked swivel-eyed son of a sea-cook, if you feel my starboard boom running foul of your headlights, you'll know I've been doing more than sit on a stool and bleating all my life, and you'll haul in on your jaw-tackle a bit."

The stationmaster had been standing near by.

"Give him a ticket," he said; "he's a sailor."—London Answers.

CANAL TREATY REJECTED

The Vote of the Colombian Senate Was Unanimous.

GREAT SENSATION ON ISTHMUS

Colombia May Open New Negotiations With the United States—Nicaragua Alternative Regarded as a Threat—Rejection a Heavy Blow to Speculative Property Owners Along Panama Route

Bogota, Colombia, via Buenaventura, —The Panama Canal treaty has been rejected unanimously by the Colombian Congress.

Bogota, Colombia.—It is reported that President Marroquin has been authorized by Congress to make a new treaty which will not require further ratification, but that the basis given for the treaty will probably prove unacceptable to the United States.

It is considered, however, in official circles, according to reliable information, that the authorization given by Congress to make a new treaty will furnish a basis for reopening negotiations with the United States.

It appears that one of the objections to the ratification of the treaty which carried weight in the Senate was that the Panama Canal Company did not come to a previous arrangement with the Colombian Government for the transfer of their concession.

The action taken by the Senate, moreover, seems to have been influenced by the communication made by the American Minister in which the introduction of any amendments to the treaty was objected to.

Colon, Colombia.—The rejection of the canal treaty by the Colombian Senate has produced a tremendous sensation on the Isthmus. It was generally believed that the treaty would pass with some modifications.

There is good reason to believe that the majority of the members of the Senate regard the Spooner amendment to build a canal by the Nicaraguan route, if the Panama route was rejected by Colombia, as a mere threat on the part of the United States. They are convinced that the Nicaraguan project is impossible, and that the United States will again deal with Colombia.

The rejection is a heavy blow to property owners here, who have been investing heavily on the prospects of the treaty being ratified.

Panama, Colombia.—The unanimous rejection of the Panama Canal treaty by the Senate has caused a profound impression here in all circles. The question on all lips is what will become of Panama? The only consolation the isthmians have is that the rest of the republic, with the exchange at a very high figure, and with an upward tendency, will suffer a great deal more.

It seems that the Government never expected the treaty to be ratified, and it was not supported at all in the Senate.

General Lucia Velazco, an old veteran and a distinguished army officer, has been appointed Military Commander of the Department of Panama. It is thought that the fears, caused by the rumors of a secession movement on the Isthmus, may have influenced the appointment.

Washington, D. C.—The official statement was made at the State Department that the action of the Senate of Colombia is not regarded in any sense as a rejection of the Panama Canal treaty by Colombia. It is further explained that the combined action of the Colombian Congress and the Executive is necessary either to ratify or reject the treaty, and as yet the Colombian House has not acted adversely. Reports from Bogota indicate that when the treaty does come to a vote in the House there will be an overwhelming majority in favor of it. Under these circumstances the officials of this Government are not so much concerned over the final outcome.

Minister Herran was asked whether it was probable that the State of Panama would revolt against Colombia in the event of the rejection of the treaty. He replied that there was no indication of such a movement in Panama, and that such an outcome was very improbable.

MILLIONS TO FIGHT FAMINE.

Indian Irrigation Commission Proposes to Spend $150,000,000.

Simla, India.—In a report just issued the Irrigation Commission proposes to lay out $150,000,000 in twenty years on protective works and $2,000,000 annually in loans for private irrigation works, the funds to be raised by loans and the interest thereon to be charged to the Famine Grant.

The keynote of the commission's policy is the vigorous use of the national resources on protective works, irrespective of their productive character, and the increase of the general resources of the country, and its resisting power in battles with famine.

ALPINE CLIMBERS RESCUED.

Seven Tourists Fell Into a Gorge on the Aiguilles Grises.

Chamounix, France.—The seven tourists who were reported to have been killed while climbing the Aiguilles Grises of Mont Blanc had, it appears, a remarkable escape.

They were seen to fall into a gorge near the summit, and it was taken as a certainty that they were dead, but an exploring party discovered the tourists, who were only slightly injured by their fall.

Nordenskjold Relief Ship Sails.

The Nordenskjold relief expedition, commanded by Captain Gyden, of the Swedish Navy, sailed from Stockholm on board the Frithjof. It numbers twenty-three men and includes six scientists. The members of the expedition expect to return in April, 1904.

Roumania Orders Ammunition.

Acting War Minister Bratiano, of Roumania, has ordered the Government powder factory and small arms' ammunition depot to prepare large quantities of ammunition immediately.

Five Girls Drowned.

At Lurich Station, Giles County, Va., while a party of children, one boy and seven girls, ranging in age from eight to fifteen years, were boating, the boat capsized and five of the girls were drowned. The drowned children were two daughters of John Robinson, one daughter of John Holloway, and two daughters of Mrs. L. O. Lee.

Forty Finns Killed in Lake.

The upper deck of a vessel on Lake Tykojarvi, Finland, carrying persons from church, collapsed. Forty persons were drowned or killed in other ways, and many others were injured.

MOTHER'S QUEER HOARD

Husband at Her Death Finds $2800 About the House.

She Had Taken the Money From the Pockets of Her Sons When They Came Home Drunk.

Dover, N. J.—John Keenan, an old miner of the Borough of Wharton, has made a deposit in the National Union Bank of money his wife had saved in a novel way. Keenan has long been incapacitated for work because of his age. Mrs. Keenan died a few days ago. After her funeral Keenan recalled a habit she had of going through the pockets of their two sons, both miners, whenever either happened to come home somewhat the worse for liquor.

The sums which she would find on such occasions she used to confiscate as a penalty for their transgressions. She never spent any of it. Remembering this Keenan began a systematic search of the house. He found coin and bills in odd corners. Being an illiterate man, Keenan was unable to count so big a pile. He tied it up in a big cloth and carried it to a friend, who, after a count, announced that the "pile" footed up exactly $2800.

Keenan at once drove to Dover and deposited the money.

LINER SINKS CHINESE CRUISER.

Seventeen Lives Lost Off Hong Kong and 170 Members of Crew Rescued.

Hong Kong, China.—The Canadian Pacific Railway's steamer Empress of India was in collision near this port with the Chinese cruiser Huang-Tai. The warship sank an hour afterward. The Empress of India saved 170 of the crew of the cruiser. The captain of the Huang-Tai, who refused to leave his ship, and thirteen of her crew were drowned. The Empress of India was damaged badly amidships.

Montreal, Que.—In an official explanation which the Canadian Pacific Railway gives of the collision off Hong Kong, the railway officials say that the two vessels were running parallel courses about midnight, when, without warning, the captain of the Chinese cruiser suddenly starboarded his boat and tried to cross the bow of the Empress. The latter's captain immediately maneuvered so that the collision, which he knew would be the result, should be a glancing one. The bow of the cruiser slid along the side of the Empress, but the starboard propeller of the Empress caught the cruiser and injured her so seriously that she sank in a few seconds.

GIRLS ACCUSED OF TREASON.

Polish Pupils Expressed a Wish For Reestablishment of the Old Kingdom.

Berlin, Germany.—The authorities have arrested fifty Polish girls at Gnesen, East Prussia, on the charge of conspiring against the State. The girls, whose ages range from fourteen to twenty years, were, with three exceptions, pupils at the high school. The three exceptions, who are the oldest of the prisoners, were teachers in the school.

All of them were in the habit of reading Polish books and studying Polish history, and in their discussions expressed hopes for the re-establishment of the ancient kingdom of Poland. The Public Prosecutor announces that he will proceed against the girls.

TEXAS PASTURES BURNED.

Incendiaries Start Fires That Destroy 200,000 Acres.

Austin, Texas.—Captain W. J. Miller, of Big Springs, Texas, a member of the State Legislature, was here and reported to the State authorities that many thousands of acres of grazing land situated in western Texas had been burned over during the past few days, and that the fire was started by incendiaries.

The stockmen and farmers of the section were guarding their pastures with armed men. Captain Miller says that up to the time he left home more than 200,000 acres of the grass land been destroyed, and new fires had just been started in Gaines and Dawson counties.

TROOPS SIDE WITH STRIKERS.

Young Captain Suffers Death For Making a Speech in Kief.

London.—The Daily Mail's correspondent at St. Petersburg describes a sensational incident which occurred during the Kieff strikes.

On one occasion, he says, when the troops were ordered by the Governor to fire on the strikers, a young captain stepped in front of his company and forbade the troops to fire upon "their poor starving brothers."

The soldiers obeyed the counter order and the captain made a flaming revolutionary speech to his men. He was arrested and brought to St. Petersburg, where he was tried by court martial and sentenced to death.

LONG LOST BROTHER FOUND.

For Years It Was Supposed He Was Killed in the Custer Massacre.

Augusta, Me.—After a lapse of thirty-three years Mrs. George Diplock, of this city, who has long believed that her brother, George B. Smith, was killed in the Custer massacre in 1875, has received a letter from him dated Oakland, Cal.

Smith is fifty-three years old and owns a large stock farm fifteen miles out of Oakland. He escaped the Custer massacre by being detailed with Gibbon's command June 26, 1876, going up the Little Yellowstone instead of the Rosebud.

Aged Bank Cashier a Suicide.

W. L. Pettit, for many years assistant cashier of the First National Bank at Fort Wayne, Ind., shot himself in the head, dying instantly. Continued ill health is believed to have been the cause. He was sixty-three years old.

Americans in Fighting in China.

The rioting which began at Fatshan, six miles from Canton, China, has spread to towns along the railroad. American engineers at work on the road have fired at the rioters. Several casualties are reported.

Flood Sweeps Monterey, Mexico.

A cloudburst in the mountains adjacent to Monterey, Mexico, caused a flood in the Santa Catarina River, which flows through the lower part of the town. More than 500 houses were washed away, making 1000 people homeless. A number of lives were lost.

Cavalry Going to Philippines.

The order directing the Fourteenth Cavalry to sail for the Philippines, which was held up for a time, was renewed at Washington. The regiment, which is now in Arizona, will sail in about two weeks.

MISHAP AT NAVAL REVIEW

Destroyers in Collision Near the President's Yacht.

THE BARRY RAMS THE DECATUR

The Finest Array of American Warships Pass Before the President While Cannon Roar Salutes—A Magnificent Naval Spectacle Off Oyster Bay—Ideal Weather For the Ceremonies.

Oyster Bay, N. Y.—President Roosevelt took a hand in the naval games, assisted by Secretary Moody, Admiral Dewey and a distinguished party of guests. He reviewed the warships in the Sound from the deck of the Mayflower. Sun, breeze and waves were all propitious, and every man aboard the nineteen great fighting machines seemed to be on his mettle. The manuevers took place nearly midway in the Sound off Centre Island, which lies at the entrance of Oyster Bay.

The only event that marred the perfect day was a collision between the torpedo boat destroyers Barry and Decatur. At 1.45, almost at the close of the manoeuvers, the five black craft were the only remaining ships of the fleet. Their "stunt" was reserved until the last, and was to be an exhibition of speed and daring.

They were to dash past the reviewing boats in a "flying wedge," after first passing the Mayflower under half steam.

They carried out the first part of the program successfully, and were turning to come back under top steam when the Barry and Decatur were seen to come together. The Barry's bow had rammed the Decatur three-quarters of the distance from the stern.

As the hulls crashed a groan went up from the President's party, and the next moment, as the Decatur staggered and dipped, the cry, "She is sinking!" was repeated from mouth to mouth.

"Man the boats!" came the order from the executive officer, and in less time than it takes to tell it the white capped jackies were swarming into the boats swung from the davits.

In a few minutes the disabled boats came alongside the Mayflower. "No damage done!" shouted the captain of the Decatur through the megaphone. The Barry ran into us and made a dent in our side that will necessitate repairs, that's all. Shall I take her to the Brooklyn Navy Yard?"

The Barry's injuries consisted of a somewhat crumpled bow. Neither one of the boats in collision suffered enough to cripple either her mobility or fighting power.

Shortly before 8.30 o'clock President Roosevelt went on board the Mayflower. Sir Thomas Lipton followed the President over the side.

Admiral Dewey and others invited by the President to visit the manoeuvers soon appeared, and orders were given to proceed to the reviewing ground.

As soon as the Mayflower took her station the day's business opened up with booming cannon and dipping flags. Every one of the nineteen destroyers fired the Presidential salute of twenty-one guns when the Executive appeared to make his formal call, and fired it again when he left.

Review quarters were called at 8.40 a. m., an hour earlier than usual, on the flagship Kearsarge. All the men in the fleet having medals were required to wear them. After muster the men to man the rail were sent to their stations. They laid in until the Mayflower anchored.

It was just 9.25 a. m. when the first gun on the Kearsarge answered the Mayflower's approach. After the Mayflower anchored the flag officers and commanding officers called upon the President, and later the President returned their visits.

On the final return of the Mayflower to her anchorage an order was given to lay in. The anchor gear having already been thrown off, all boats were secured for sea, fenders were taken off the gangways and the final review was begun.

About 11.30 o'clock the Mayflower started eastward, followed by the fleet in single column. When the Mayflower stopped the vessels passed her in single file, the battleships leading, the cruisers next, and the torpedo boat flotilla bringing up the rear.

As the Stewart and Whipple passed the pleasure craft swung in behind and ran a mile or so down the Sound toward the eastward, passing in front of the Mayflower. Then the Mayflower started at full speed toward the bay again and the review was over.

President Roosevelt had enjoyed the distinction of being the first President of the United States who in time of peace had reviewed a great fleet of warships as Commander-in-Chief of the Navy.

At the luncheon served on the Mayflower after the manoeuvers Admiral Dewey escorted Miss Alice to the table, and the Secretary of the Navy Mrs. Roosevelt. After lunch was about concluded President Roosevelt rose and said:

"We have with us to-day the representative of the great powers Great Britain, Germany, Russia and Japan. I ask you to drink to these powers and their sovereigns. We also have with us the representatives of an international incident. As to that, may the best boat win."

The toast was drunk by all present standing, while a ripple of laughter greeted as Sir Thomas Lipton and C. Oliver Iselin went the rounds.

Turks Capture Krushevo.

The Turkish troops have captured Krushevo from the insurgents.

Ohio Bank Cashier's Shortage $100,000.

After three days' work the committee investigating the books of the Union Banking Company, of New Holland, Ohio, gave out a statement of the assets and liabilities, nailed upon the doors of the defunct banking institution, as follows: "Liabilities, $180,623.92; assets, $113,822.81." This leaves a shortage of $66,870.11, and this in connection with the $25,000 paid up capital stock, which is wiped out, will swell Cashier Brown's shortage to nearly $100,000.

Drowned by Rocking of Boat.

Clinton S. Underwood, aged twenty-one, of Utica, N. Y., was drowned in Fish Creek, Sylvan Beach, as the result of the rocking of a rowboat in which he and three other Uticaus were. The body was recovered. The three survivors are held as witnesses.

German War Minister Relieved.

Lieutenant-General von Gossler has been relieved of the post of War Minister, at Berlin, Germany, at his own request. Lieutenant-General von Einem, Director-General of the Department of War, has been appointed as his successor.

THE NORTH CAROLINIAN

OFFICE: ALBEMARLE BUILDING; MAIN STREET, ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY BY NORTH CAROLINIAN PUBLISHING CO.

THOMAS. C. BABB, ——— Editor and Manager.

THURSDAY AUGUST 27 1903.

Instead of the temperance forces trying to drive away the saloon to get clear of the influence which it has on the boys as they claim, why do they not stop keeping it in the home.

"Raise the child up in the way he shall go, and when he is old he will not depart from it."

Our Raleigh friends seem to be having quite much trouble over the recent property assessments, so much so that the voice of lamentation is heard in the land. The parties who were loudest in their shoutings for the Aycock, Simmons ring, in the Red Shirt shot gun campaign of 1900, are the fellows who are now loudest in their squealings when the machine they put in motion begins to grind.

But then you see it is only a case of a fellow being bit by his own dog.

There is much discussion being heard on our streets at present, about the influence of the Saloon on the young men of our community. This is true we will all admit, that the influence of a saloon is bad, not only on the young, but the older men who frequent them.

But let us stop and think for a moment, is this the only bad influence our young men have to contend with? Is there not other things practised in our town that has a worse influence than the saloon? And yet we have known these very things to be indulged in by the most enthusiactic prohibitionist.

We would like for some of our prohibition friends to tell us, which would be likely to have the worst influence on the young men of our town. For them to walk down our streets and see the crowd of drunken men that lounge around the saloon, or go to a reception at some home given by the young ladies, and be asked by them to have wine.

Look at these pictures my good friends and see which is likely to have the worst influence over the young man, the man with the red face behind the bar counter, or the beautiful young lady with the wine cup.

Where is the young man with any selfe respect that would be guilty of lounging around the saloon to get drunk?

Then on the other hand, where is the young man with moral courage enough to withstand the entreaties of a young lady but we never hear anything said about this sort of influence by our prohibition friends. I care not how other people see this question, but for myself I had rather encounter forty saloons, than one young lady with a glass of wine.

The only difference we can see between a man presiding at a bar counter and a woman presiding at a punch bowl, is that the man, does it, for the money in it, to support his family, and the woman for pure deviltry, for which there is no apology.

Some one has said that the finest specimen of female beauty and modesty, the noblest type of womanhood to be found in the world is found in our Southern states, and assignes as a reason for this superiority of Soutern women the fact that Southern men worshiped the ideal woman. To all of which we most heartily subscribe.

The shrine on which ennobled Southern manhood pours its riches libation is that which holds the Ideal Mother, Wife, Sister, and Daughter. These constitute the constelation whose sweet and gentle influence binds us to home and country, warms our affections for everything that is pure, and stimulates our ambition for everything that is noble. The Ideal woman who in every relation of life is the realization of the poets dream when he said.

"She is a breath of God. A ray of his glory, quickened at his nod."

These are they that sway the sceptre of universial dominion over the heart and affections of man, and controls him as gently, but as surely as attraction controles the laws of gravitation. It is the ideal woman, (not the Mary Andersons, the Mrs. Leaces, the Carrie Nations or the bedraggled skirts of the ward politician) that conquers and holds in thraldom the hearts and consciences of men, the ideal woman who as wife and mother rocks the cradle and rules the world.

Heretofore there has been no place in the society of the south for the politician in petticoats, and we shall have fallen on evil days when our wives and mothers quit the kitchen and nursery, to canvass for votes, and our sisters and daughters quit the drawing room and parlor to become steering committees to land an election. This is something new in the political and social life of the south and not native to the manner born. From whence came it then, whose was the hand that imported this noxious exotic, and would graft it upon the southern social system, who ever he be he is a disturber of the peace of homes, an enemy of his race and country, and the dispoiler of the fame of the fairest and noblest womanhood in the world.

The chivalrous attention southern women have always recieved from the opposite sex, and which is the admiration and envey of the civilized world is due to the influence exerted by the ideal woman, who as wife and mother reigns without a rival the queen of love and beauty in the kingdom of the home, and commands obediance by the sweet attractive force of her winsom charms, Not by the howling upon the hustings, or contending with the vulgar rabble, nor yet as the petti politician. But as the ideal woman, as was our mothers, shall the southern woman continue to hold her place as the central sun in the heaven of our system around which revolvs those planets of light that fires the gems, and hues the flowers of our civilization.

Save the Children.

Ninety-nine of every onehundred diseases that children have are due to disorders of the stomach, and these disorders are all caused by indigestion. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is just as good for children as it is for adults. Children thrive on it. It keeps their little stomaches sweet and encourages their growth and development. Mrs. Henry Carter, 705 Central St. Nashville, Tenn., says: "My little boy is now three years old and has been suffering from indigestion ever since he wrs born I have had the best doctors in Nashville, cut faited to do him any good. After using one bottle of Kodol he is a well baby. I recommend it to all sufferers." Kodol digests what you eat and makes the stomach sweet. Sold by

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Mr. Joseph Pritchard brought to our office a few days ago, an oyster shell 7½ inches long 3½ inches wide, weight 1½lbs., a Clam shell 5 inches long 4 inches wide, weight 1¼lbs., and a Snail shell 2½ inches long 2½ wide, weight 1lb. These shells were dug out of the earth 19 feet below the surface at a point on the Dismal Swamp Canal not far from North West Locks The dredges in widening and deepening the canal struck this shell bead from which these were taken, and the question is now up to the scientist to tell us how come they there.

Mr. Pritchard is some-what of a scientist himself along certain lines, he can move a wooden building with brick chimnies without tearing down the chimnies, and did move the Baptist parsonage in this town, a wooden house with 3 brick chimnies some 15 or 20 feet without tearing down the chimnies or injuring the plastering but very little, an ornimental vine that trailed upon the front piazza was not destroyed. The whole house, chimnies, vines and all was just simply taken up and moved to the desired place and sit down, without injury to anything.

Mr. Pritchard could do this, he can move any sort of a house any where, but he cant tell how come these shells miles from the Sea shore 19 feet below the surface of the earth, cant some scientist help him to solve the problem.

Where is Wallace Riddick?

Where is Wallace Riddsck? Is the question that is occupying the minds of the citizens of Hertford at this time On Tuesday the 18th. inst., Mr. G W. Riddick, one of the most popular young men of Hertford, left his home for Manteo, where he intended spending a few days, and his parents and friends supposed he had arrived at his destination all right untill Monday 24th, when the purser of the steamer Ocracoke which plyes between this city and New Bern, wrote to Wallace at Hertford, to know what he must do with his baggage.

Wallace not being at home his father Dr. Wm. Riddick opened his mail and the letter very naturally gave him much alarm, whereupon he at once began to make search for his son but to no avail as there can be no trace found of him later than the time for the sailing of the Ocracoke from this port on Tuesday.

We have known Wallace since childhood, having been raised in the same town, and we are grieved to learn of his strange disappearance, but we hope no accident has befallen him and that he may turn up again in a few days well and hearty. But in the meantime THE CAROLINIAN extends its sympathy to the grief stricken family, and sorrowing friends.

Since the above was written, the body of Mr. Riddick has been found at Newbern's Landing on North River, and taken to his home at Hertford. It is the opinion of the public generally that after supper Mr. Riddick went on deck to smoke, and in some way lost his ballance and fell overboard. He was 22 years old and a favorite with all who knew him. "peace be to his ashes."

Suicide Preuented.

The startling announcement that a preventive of suicide had been discovered will interest many. A run down system, or despondency invariably precede suicide and something has been found that will grevent that condition which makes suicide likely. At the first thought of self destruction take Electric Bitters. It being a great tonic and nervine will strengthen the nerves and build up the system. It's also a great Stomach, Liver and Kidney regulator. Only 50c. Satisfaction guaranteed by all Druggtsi.

Paradise Farm

MR. EDITOR:—Will you allow me space in your columns, to say a word about this farm, and the gentlemen who operate it. The name Paradise is not unappropriate it by Paradise we mean a place of bounty and good cheer, for shurely the farmer would be hard to please, who would desire better lands or better location for all the purposes of successfull agriculture than is Paradise.

The farm belongs to Mr. Watson White of Edenton, N. C., and originally contained some seven or eight hundred acres, but while he retains a life estate in the farm, he has divided it between his two sons, Mr. W. Herbert White and Mr. S. J. White who now occupy and operate it. These gentlemen are both married and live with their families on this farm now divided

Mr. W. Herbert White occupies the old home, an elegant two story house well furnished and neatly kept. Mr S. J. White occupies a new place, built for temporary occupation until he could erect a house moderne and elegant in all its appointments which he is preparing to do. These gentlemen are first class farmers and their land is of the very best quality. It produces abundant crops of all kinds, and when one looks upon the magnificent crops of Corn, Cotton, Peanuts, Potatoes and all kinds of kitchen garden vegetables now growing upon them, with the large flocks of poultry of all kinds, heards of Cattle and stocks of Hogs roaming about he can but feel that it is indeed the farmers Paradise.

And while these farmers are not of the largest acreage still they are far from being insignificant. Each one of these gentlemen have about 250 acres in cultivation, about equally devided between cotton and corn with a few acres of peanuts and potatoes. And from the present prospects an estimation of 40 or 50 boushals of corn and a bale of cotton to the acre would not be extravegent. Really these are the best lands and better situated for all the purposes of farming and stock raising than any in the county and any one who has any taste for the vacation of the farmer can but be delighted in visiting them.

While dining with Mr. Sidney White the other day, this thought came to our mind, what care these about the price of British consols and Wallstreet stocks. These but represent wealth while here we have real wealth. Wreck Wallstreet and every other financial center in the country, and it would not deminish the supply on this table a particle, for every morsel of this feast beneath the weight of which the table groaned was grown on these lands by the labor of the owners and hense the price of stocks on Wallstreet cant affect the table supplyes of this family

The same was true a few days later when I visited the home of Mr. Herbert White, a rich supply of everything grew on his own land by his own hand. If riches consist in an abundance of the necessaries and comforts of life then these and all such as these are rich, and their riches are not dependent on the freaks of Wallstreet speculators but upon a kind providence for good health and seasons. And now in conclusion let me say, if any of our half starved town dudes would like to have a square set at an old fashion country dinner served in the best and richest stile let them visit Sidney and Herbert White, and let their good wives lay the spread.

Visitor.

Potent Pill Pleasure.

The pills that are potent in their action and pleasant in effect are DeWitt's Little Early Risers. W. S. Philpot of Albany, Ga., says "During a bilious attack I took one. Small as it was it did me more good than calomel bluemoss or any other pills I ever took and at the same time it effected me pleasantly. Little Early Risers are certainly an ideal pill." Sold by

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What She Coutd Do.

"I am glad," said the wealthy merchant, "that the baby is a girl."

"Wouldn't you rather have a boy that you could train to succeed you in business?"

"No indeed," replied the wealthy merchant. A boy would go to college learn to play baseball, and probably become a member of one of the professional leagues. He would be of no business advantage to me whatever. But a girl—"

"What can a girl do?"

"Why, she can marry the confidential clerk who is gradually stealing everything I've got, and so keep the money in the family."—Union Republican.

DeWitt Is the Name.

When you go to buy Witch Hazel Salve look for the name DeWITT on every box. The pure, unadulterated Witch Hazel is used in making DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, which is the best salve in the world for cuts, burns, boils, eczema and piles. The popularity of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, due to its many cures, has caused numerous worthless counterfeits to be placed on the market. The genuine bears the name of E. C. DeWitt and Co., Chicago. Sold by

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To Our Friends.

This is the North Carolinian. How do you like it? If it suits your politics we want you to help us scatter the paper in your community. By doing this you will not only help us but you will help put North Carolina in the republican column in 1904. Where is the republican that is not willing to do something to make North Carolina republican? We do not aim to let up in our fight until the democrats is dethroned and a republican government again installed in this State. With the help of all the republicans this will be an easy task. Now this is what we want you to do: We want you to show this copy to your neighbors and ask them to subscribe. You can easily get a club of at least four and this will entitle you to the paper a year free.

If you want to see machine democracy put down in North Carolina we want you to help us to push the North Carolinian. We will do the talking and we want you to get more people to listen to our chat. Take this paper with you when you go to the store, postoffice or mill and show it to the boys and ask them to subscribe.

There are two hundred thousand people in North Carolina who ought to read every issue of the North Carolinian. If you will only do your part and get as many scattered in your community as possible it will help the republican party to carry the State next year and will also enable us to preach the gospel" to more people

Don't be afraid to show this paper to the democrats. We aim to eliminating but the truth and we challenge all the hosts of democracy to disprove any statement we may make.

Now boys stir around and send in the clubs and we'll do the rest. We want every voter in the State to read this paper. If he's a democrat we'll show him what he has been voting for and if he is not too far gone he'll quit pamocracy and land right in the middle of the republican party.

End of Better Fight.

"Two physicians had a long stubborn fight with an abscess on my right lung" writes J. F. Hughes of DuPont, Ga. "and gave me up. Everybody thought my time had come. As a last resart I tried Dr. Kings New Discovery for Consumption. The benefit I recieved was striking and I was on my feet in a few days. Now I've entirely regained my health." It conquers all Coughs, Colds and Throat and Lung troubles. Guaranteed by all Druggists. Price 50c. and $1.00. Trial bo tles free.

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Do you Want To Sell Your Home.

Then put a fair price on it and I'll do the rest. There are lots of people who would buy it if they could see its desirable points as I A. C. Hathaway the Real Estate man can describe them.

My office is Hathaway's jewelry store on Poindexter, St. Call on or write me.

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Weak Hearts

Are due to Indigestion. Ninety-nine of every one hundred people who have heart trouble can remember when it was simple indigestion. It is a scientific fact that all cases of heart disease, not organic, are not only traceable to, but are the direct result of indigestion. All food taken into the stomach which fails of perfect digestion ferments and swells the stomach, pushing it up against the heart. This interferes with the action of the heart, and in the course of time that delicate but vital organ becomes diseased.

Mr. D. Knable, of Nevada, O., says: I had stomach trouble and was in a bad state as I had heart trouble with it. I took Kodol Dyspepsia Cure for about four months and it cured me.

Kodol Digests What You Eat

and relieves the stomach of all nervous strain and the heart of all pressure.

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SHORT LINE TO PRINCIPAL CITIES OF THE SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST, FLORIDA, CUBA, TEXAS CALIFORNIA AND MEXICO, REACHING THE CAPITALS OF SIX STATES.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT
April 12th. 1903

Norfolk and Southern R. R.

Schedule in effect July 10th, 1903

Leave Elizabeth City (except Sunday) 12:30, p. m.
Arrive at Norfolk " " 2:30, p. m.
Leave Elizabeth City " " 9:25, a. m.
Arrive at Norfolk " " 11:00, a. m.

Leave Elizabeth City daily (except Sunday) 11:36, a. m.
Arrive at Edenton " " 12:30, p. m.
Arrive Belhaven " " 5:20, p. m.
Leave Elizabeth City (daily except Sunday) 5:45 p. m.
Arrive Edenton " " 6:40 p. m.

No Trains stop at all intermediate stations.

Connect at Norfolk with trains to and from Virginia Beach and Currituck Branch Virginia Beach Division.

STEAMBOAT SERVICE.

Schedule in effect July 10, 1903.

Steamers leave Edenton daily (except Sunday) 7:00 a. m. and 1:30 p. m. for Plymouth connect with Washington and Plymouth R. R. for Washington, N. C. and points West.

Steamer leaves Edenton 12:15 daily (except Sunday) for Scuppernong River.

Elizabeth City and New Berne, N. C. Daily (except Sunday) Leave Elizabeth City (Steamer Pasteur, 6:00 p. m. Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

Steamers stop at Roanoke Island and Oriental each way connects with A. and N. C. for Goldsboro and A. C. L. for Wilmington.

Steamers leave Belhaven daily except Sunday at 10 p. m. for Washington, N. C. Tuesday Thursday and Saturday 5 a. m. for South Creek Aurora and Co's.

For further information apply to W. B. Keys, Agent, Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk Southern R. R. Company, Norfolk, Va.

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The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

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Bears the Signature of
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The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Nature Lends A Helping Hand.

[illegible] Concentrated from and Alum Water is [illegible] and prescribed by more than one hundred and fifty leading Physicians, including the President of the Va. Medical Society [illegible] thousands of cases with disappointment. For Constipation, Kidney and Liver Troubles, Female Complaints, Sick Headache, and all forms of Stomach trouble.

This Concentrated Water is a natural water remedy as it comes from the spring reduced [illegible] by the [illegible] process, retaining all of its original medicinal properties. Sold with a guarantee in 50 cents and $1.00 bottles and costs less than 3 cents per day.

For sale by all the principal druggists and merchants in the town and adjoining Counties.

For further information, address,

J. M. ECHOLS CO.,
Lynchburg, Va.

HERE THEY "R."

Good and fresh and [illegible] lay in [illegible] groceries and the best way of handling them gives us the best business.

"Delicious, Appetizing, Excellent, Reliable."

are some of the exclamations about the [illegible] delicacies we sell. fresh, too!

OLD & FEARING,
GROCERS.
PHONE 112. FLORA BUILDING, MAIN STREET.

Advertising
IN
THE
NORTH
CAROLINIAN
PAYS.
JOB WORK A SPECIALTY.

THE CAROLINIAN $1.00 PER YEAR

To Cure a Cold in One Day
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets.
Seven Million boxes sold in past 12 months.
This signature, E. W. Grove
Cures Grip in Two Days.
on every box. 25c.

THE NORTH CAROLINIAN

THURSDAY, AUGUST 27 1903

DR. C. R. RIDDICK,

MODERN DENTIST.

Prices Reasonable. Work Guaranteed. Office N. E. cor. Main and Poindexter street.

L. L. MEEKINS. W. E. WORTH.

MEEKINS & WORTH,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

Flora Building, Elizabeth City, N. C.

Practice in State and Federal Courts. Collections given prompt attention.

BRICK!

A WORD ABOUT BRICK: Everybody needing brick want a good quality—an article that will wear and last. The Thompson Works manufacture the best for building and all other purposes made in this section. They are well burned and "all right" in every respect. All orders promptly filled. Address F. G. Thompson, Manager Elizabeth City, N. C.

WANTED.

A good Horse in trade for Piano or Organ. Wanted for Country roads, and therefore, must be a good animal.

Address, Ames and Buck, Dealers in Piano and Organs, 169 Main Street.

Norfolk, Va.

Money Loaned on approved security and claims collected anywhere in the United States or Canada. Apply to

EDMUND ALEXANDER,

Attorney-at-Law and Manager of The Carolina Collecting Agency

Rooms Nos. 5 and 6, Academy of Music,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

We invite you to inspect the Conduit system of Electric wiring which we are now Installing in the Residence of Mr. I. M. [illegible] on Main St.

Chesapeake Construction Company,

By Brewington Street

Norfolk, Va,

Electrical Supply Dealers and Constructors, Fixtures, Bells, Annunciators, Telephones, Motors & Generators.

LOCAL NOTES.

Dr. Wm. Riddick was in town Tuesday.

Mr. T. G. Skinner Jr. spent Tuesday in our town.

Mr. L. S. Gordon made a short visit to Norfolk this week.

The fire bell rang twice during Tuesday night.

—Mr. W. T. McMullan of Hertford was in our city Saturday.

Rev. J. N. Booth of Hertford was in our city and paid us a call Saturday.

Mr. Earnest Sawyer spent Sunday with friends at Winfall.

Sheriff T. F. Winslow of Hertford spent Monday in our town.

Miss Lucy Gregory after spending several days with Miss Isa Parker at Hertford returned home Saturday.

Court begins at Currituck on the 7th. of September and our representative will attend them all.

Rev. C. A. G. Thomas of Edenton, lectured on temperance at the Court House on Tuesday night.

Mr. T. S. White of Hertford has been in our city on a visit to his mother several days this week.

Mr. Garrett, of the firm of Garrett & Co. of Weldon was in our city Wednesday in the interest of his business.

—The marriage of Mr. W. B. Jarnett of Manteo, which appears in another column, should have been in our issue of last week but reached us too late.

Mr. W. S. Harrison of Harbinger was in town this week and paid us a call, he is one of our old time Republicans and a true friend of THE CALOLINIAN call again brother Harrison.

The play of Pickings from Puck will be presented at the Academy of Music on Sept. 2nd This play comes highly recommended as one of the best ever seen in our town, and those who fail to turn out, will miss a treat.

[illegible] Female College the advertisement of which appears in this issue of our paper is a very flourishing institution with a large patronage and deserving work for the education of our women.

It is a select school of the higher class where young ladies find a real home.

We think it will pay any young lady who may think of going off to school make inquiry as to the merits of this college

Winfall Notes,

Mr. Joseph Hassett of E. City spent Saturday and Sunday with his sister Mrs. George Pike.

Rev. J. A. Ward returned to Edenton Saturday.

Mr. J. B. Pike who has been visiting friends in the Eastern counties for the last two weeks has returned.

Mr. Willie Pike is at his old home this week.

Mr. Charlie Hollowell after a lingering illness of many weeks died Monday the 17th, at the home of Mrs. Harry Baker near here.

The new Methodist church here is now finished and ready for dedication.

Miss Elowise Nixon who has been on a visit to her father returned to Kinston Friday.

The Saw Mill of Major and White which has been shut down for repairs for some days, started up on Saturday This is quite an extensive Lumber Manufacturing industry which gives employment to a considerable number of men, and even a temporary suspension of operations is felt by the community.

You know what you are taking.

When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure, No Pay. 50c

Candidate Gorman announces Tariff reform as the issue and the Sugar Trusts pricks up its ears in pleasurable anticipation.—Brooklyn "Standard Union."

Puts an End to it All.

A grievous wail oftimes comes as a result of undeserved pain from over taxed organs. Dizziness, Backache, Liver complaint and Constipation. But thanks to Dr. King's New Life Pills they put an end to it all. They are gentle but thorough. Try them. Only 25c. Guaranteed by all Drug Stores.

More foreign trade has climbed over that "Chinese wall," the Dingley Tariff, than ever came into this country through open gates. And it is still climbing.—Kansas City "Journal"

Eat All You Want.

Persons troubled with indigestion or Dyspepsia can eat all they want if they will take Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. This remedy prepares the stomache for the reception retention, digestion and assimilation of all of the wholesome food that may be eaten, and enables the digestive organs to transform the same into the kind of blood that gives health and strength. Sold by

There are $3,600,000,000 in the savings banks of the country, a sum sufficient to buy practically all the stock of all the railroads in the United States worth buying at present prices.

Teachers wish to prepare for examinations should write, at once, to Prof. J. L. GRAHAM, L. L. D., 152-154 Randolph Building, Memphis, Tenn for particulars concerning his special Teacher's Examination Course.

This course is taught by mail, and prepares teachers for examination in every state in the Union. Leading educators pronounced it the best course ever offered to the Teaching profession and all Teachers wishing to advance in their profession should immediately avail themselves of it. Enclose stamp for reply.

As a rule, the farmers who have been receiving such high prices for all the products of the farm are opposed to ripping the Tariff as a means of business; and the absorption of agricultural and manufactured products was never so great." How different is the absorption of Protection and the absorption of Free-Trade. The former absorbs products, the latter absorbs producers.

Take Laxative Bromo Quenine Tablets. All druggist refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box 25c.

Industrial Absorption.

Said Senator Depew in London last week speaking of our prosperity: "The railroads have never done so much getting at the trusts.—Des Moines "Capital."

When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure No Pay. 50c.

Guilty.

The Springfield 'Republican' thinks the "high Tariff is now on trial, as never before, as the great causative and saving factor in the business prosperity of the nation."

The verdict will be 'Guilty." The high Tariff is, without question or contraining circumstance, "the causative and saving factor in the business prosperity of the nation."

Married at Washington, D. C.

On Tuesday Aug. 11th. 1903 at 8.30 p. m. by Rev. Claudius F. Smith in the Episcopal Church Washington, D. C. Mr. W. B. Jennett of Manteo N. C. was married to Miss Edna E. Coakley of Washington, D. C. Miss Euzelia E. Jennett of Manteo acting as bride maid and Mr. Thos. Coakley of Washington as best man. Miss Coakley was one of the Capital City's most popular young ladies, as evidenced by the many beautiful and costly bridal presents received.

On their way home they were met at the Depot in E. City, N. C. by Mrs. Jarvis Sexton and taken to her home where they found expressly for them a dinner such as few are capable of preparing.

After their arrival at Manteo on the 14th at 8.30 p. m. there was a beautiful reception given in honor of Mr. Jennett and his beautiful bride at the home of his parents, Mr. & Mrs. J. B. Jennett. The following were the invited guests, Rev. A. J. Parker & wife, Mr. & Mrs. R. M. Jennett, Mr. and Mrs. Thos. S. Meekins, Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Scarborough, Misses Ruth Evans, Rosa M. Evans, Bessie Midgett, Ozelia Paona, Nellie Staples Jennie Carter, Vera Daniels, Gracie Fox, Bessie Wescott, Ella Creed, Hattie Ethridge, Georgia Harrison and Allie B. Wescott, Mr. Arthur Daniels, Loyd Daniels Lenon Daniels Clarance Pugh, Carl Pugh, Grover Riggs, Robert Taylor, S. E. Midgett, O. J. Jones, S. S. Shaw, D. M. Stringfield, C. W. Davis, Moncie Daniels, L. D. Tarkenton, Will Gray, Will C. Ethridge, R. B. Ethridge and Dr. F. P. Gates. The company was delightfully entertained with music on the Piano by Miss Rosa M. Evans of Suffolk Va. for about two hours then they were invited to the dining room where they were served with Cream, Cake, and fruits of various kinds the dining room was most beautifully decorated with evergreens and flowers of various kinds.

Mr. Jennett as a most popular young man with his people as evidenced by the many gifts for himself and bride which continued to come in all the afternoon untill the room set apart for the purpose was literally packed.

The company was most delightfully entertained and departed feeling well paid for their trouble and expence, the young men envying Mr. Jennett of his beautiful bride, the young ladies hoping their turn would come next.

A Guest.

The Death Penalty.

A little thing sometimes results in death. Thus a mere scratch; insignificant cuts or puny boils have paid the death penalty. It is wise to have Bucklen's Arnica Salve ever handy. It's the best Salve on earth and will prevent fatality, when Burns, Sores, Ulcers and Piles threaten. Only 25c. at all Drug Stores.

Some of the dangers to which modern society is subject. Suggested for the reflection of our Politicians in Pantaloons and Petticoats.

"Drink water and get typhoid. Drink milk and get tuberculosis. Drink whiskey and get the jim-jams. Drink soup and get Bright's disease. Eat meat and encourage apoplexy. Eat oysters and acquire tæmia. Eat vegetables and weaken the system Eat dessert and take to paresis. Smoke cigarettes and die early. Smoke cigars and get catarrh. Drink coffee and obtain nervous prostration. Drink wine and get the gout. In order to be entirely healthy one must eat nothing, drink nothing, smoke nothing, and even before breathing one should see that the air is properly sterilized."

We need at once a few more Teachers for Fall Schools. Good positions are being filled daily by us. We are receiving more calls this year than ever before. Schools and colleges supplied with Teachers free of cost. Enclose stamp for reply.

AMERICAN TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION,
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THE UNIVERSITY,
OF NORTH CAROLINA.
Academic Department,
Law, Medicine.
Pharmacy.

One hundred and eight scholarships. Free tuition to teachers and to sons of ministers, Loans for the needy.

608 Students. 66 Instructors.

New Dormitories, Water Works, Central Heating System, Libary 40,000 volumes.

Fall term, academic and professional departments, begins Sept. 7, 1903. Address.

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CATARRH WASH | Two months treatment of Catarrh of the head and nose for 50c. Best and simplest remedy ever discovered. Booklet and sample for 2 cents. ATLANTA PREPARATION CO. 143 N. Pryor St., Atlanta, Ga.

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A Guest.

THE NORTH CAROLINA.
STATE NORMLA AND INDUSTRIAL COLLEGE.
COURSES

Literary
Classical
Scientific
Pedagogical

Commercial
Domestic Science
Manual Training
Music

Five courses leading to Diplomas. Advanced courses leading to Degrees. Well equipped Practice and Observation School Faculty numbers 40. Board, laundry, tuition, and fees for use of text books, etc., $140 a year. For non-residents of the State $160. Twelfth annual session begins September 15, 1903. To secure board in the dormitories all free-tuition applications should be made before July 15th. Correspondence invited from those desiring competent teachers and stenographers. For catalogue and other information address

Chas. D. Mclver, President.
GREENSBORO, N. C.

WANTED, 500,000, Boxstalls of WHITE SCUPPERNONG GRAPES and to contract with farmers to raise grapes, have finished our winery at Norfolk, Va. of two million gallons capacity, Which will be in operation by, September 1st. For terms and prices, apply to our Agents at shipping points or to.

Garrett & Co.,
Weldon, N. C.

"Let the GOLD DUST twins do your work"

Littleton Female College

One of the most prosperous schools in the South, with a high standard of scholarship, located at a very popular Summer Resort, and with a large patronage from five states, extending from New Jersey to Florida—an institution that is doing a great work.

We will take a limited number of pupils, including

Board and Full Literary Tuition for $52,90 per term on conditions made known on application to

REV. J. M. RHODES, A. M. Pres. Littleton, N. C.

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A High Grade School for both sexes. Largest and oldest school in Eastern North Carolina. Five courses of study.

Classical, English, College, Preparatory, Business, Music.

Eleven Instructors. Enrollment past year 266. Twenty-fifth Annual Session opens September 21st, 1903. Write for Catalogue.

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ALBEMARLE HIGH SCHOOL.

'INCORPORATED,' Elizabeth City, N. C.

Fall Term Begins, September 14th, 1903.

Organized with view to having an up-to-date preparatory school for both sexes. Strong financial backing. College trained teachers to be in charge of School. Tuition rates reasonable: Instruction in all Common School and Academic branches. Courses so arranged as to afford preparation for College. Music to be taught by a competent teacher.

A Methodist School, but non-sectarian in spirit.

School to be taught during coming year in the Albemarle House on Main Street.

For further information, Call on, or address,

W. A. BIVINS, A. B. Principal.

Rev. JAMES CANNON, Jr., Principal, BLACKSTONE, VA.

For Catalogue and Application Blanks, address

Blackstone Female Institute.

MOTTO: THOROUGH INSTRUCTION UNDER POSITIVE CHRISTIAN INFLUENCES AT THE LOWEST POSSIBLE COST. . . .

The Aim: At Blackstone is to make of the girls sent there healthy, helpful, happy women.

Aids to Success: Modern brick building, with electric lights, water on every floor, best methods of heating and sanitation, campus of 25 acres; faculty of 23, trained in the best schools, all living in the building with the girls; unusual advantages in music; normal department for the training of teachers; cheerful, wholesome christian influence.

Proofs of Success: (1) A continuous extraordinary growth (from 20 to 225 boarders in nine years), every place taken every year, total enrollment last session 291. (2) Hundreds of young ladies and their parents are enthusiastic witnesses. (3) Students enter classes of the Randolph-Mason Woman's College on our certificate without examination.

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Rev. JAMES CANNON, Jr., Principal, BLACKSTONE, VA.

Foley's Kidney Cure

Cures All Kidney and Bladder Diseases

Foley's Kidney Cure will positively cure any case of Kidney or Bladder disease that is not beyond the reach of medicine. No medicine can do more.

If you notice any irregularities, commence taking *Foley's Kidney Cure* at once and avoid a fatal malady.

A Merchant Cured After Having Given Up Hope.

Foley & Co., Chicago.

Gentlemen:—I was afflicted with Kidney and Bladder trouble for six years and had tried numerous preparations without getting any relief and had given up hope of ever being cured when FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE was recommended to me. After using one bottle I could feel the effect of it, and after taking six fifty-cent bottles, I was cured of Kidney and Bladder trouble and have not felt so well for the past twenty years and I owe it to FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE. James Smith, Bentons Ferry, W. Va.

A Veteran of the Civil War Cured After Ten Years of Suffering.

R. A. Cray, J.P., of Oakville, Ind., writes:—"Most of the time for ten years I was confined to my bed with some disease of the kidneys. It was so severe I could not move part of the time. I consulted the best medical skill available, but got no relief until FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE was recommended to me. I am grateful to be able to say that it entirely cured me."

Refuse Substitutes

Two Sizes, 50 Cents and $1.00

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Double Express Service.

EFFECTIVE FEBRUARY 1st, 1903.

NORTH.

Out:—9-25 a. m. Closes at Office 9 a. m., 2-40 p. m. Closes 1-45 p. m.

In:—12 M., and 6 P. M. (Freight received on night train delivered next morning) except perishables, which are delivered immediately.

SOUTH.

Out: 11-15 a. m. Closes at Office 11 a. m., 5-15 p. m. closes 3 p. m.

In: 9-30 a. m. and 2-40 p. m. (Delivered at once from train)

All express freight delivered promptly when consignees are known or if address is given, otherwise notice mailed.

OFFICE HOURS.

Opens 7-30 a. m. Close 6 p. m.

J. D. Sykes, Agent.

Telegraph Office Hours.

WEEKLY.

Open; 7-30 a. m. Close 9 a. m.

SUNDAY.

8 to 9 a. m. 1 to 2; 5 to 6 p. m.

J. D. Sykes, Manager.

AT THE FIRST SIGN:

That your eyes should visit me. It may mean blindness if you permit in thinking it is nothing, and therefore not worth your time to attend to it. It will only take a little of your time and money to have me test your eyes and fit you properly.

You should not postpone this important matter another day as there is many a man blind today for the simple reason that he insisted on putting the matter off until it was too late.

I also carry a full line of jewelry, watches, silverware &c. Besure to call on me.

THE JEWLER and OPTICIAN,
Poindexter St., Eliz. City.

Rose & Eken.

—ARCHITECTS.—

Raleigh, - - - - - N. C.

That House" sent on receipt of ten cents in stamps to pay postage.

WILL YOU RIDE!

IF SO COME TO US FOR A

BUGGY.

Every piece of material that goes into one of our vehicles is the very best. We have a reputation for fine work, and we give our patrons the worth of their money.

Elizabeth City Buggy Company

FOR HARNESS and Saddles Force Mexican Mustang Liniment is just what you need. It takes effect at once, and you will be astonished to see how quickly it heals sores.

It's this way:

You can burn yourself with Fire, with Powder, etc., or you can scald yourself with Steam or Hot Water, but there is only one proper way to cure a burn or scald and that is by using

Mexican Mustang Liniment.

It gives immediate relief. Get a piece of soft old linen cloth, saturate it with this liniment and bind loosely upon the wound. You can have no adequate idea what an excellent remedy this is for a burn until you have tried it.

A FOWL TIP. If your hens are bird afflicted with Roup or any other poultry disease, use Mexican Mustang Liniment. It is called a STANDARD remedy by poultry breeders.

F. H. Ziegler,
Successor to John H. Ziegler.
Undertakers' supplies,

From the cheapest to the best. All telegrams promptly attended to.

CRAPESHAD COOLING BOARDS

when desired. The finest hearse in this section. Rosewood, Walnut Cloth-covered and Metalic Casket as Specialty. All kinds of Cabinet work done.

A. ORDAN,
Tonsorial Artist.

Keenest razors, Best Hones and Straps, and most accomplished Artists to be found in the city.

No. 46 Water St.
Elizabeth City, N. C.

The Formula tells the story:

Grove's Chronic Chill Cure

Not a patent medicine: a thin spirituous liquid, of a pleasant bitter taste, made of

Fluid Extract PERUVIAN BARK
Fluid Extract BLACK ROOT
Fluid Extract DOG WOOD BARK
Fluid Extract POPLAR BARK
Fluid Extract PRICKLY ASH BARK
Fluid Extract SARSAPARILLA

It Cures the Chills that other Chill Tonics Don't Cure.

The Best General Tonic. No Cure, No Pay. Price, 50c.

The "Dull Season."

Why should there be a dull season in business? Of course, some times during the year business is better than during others, but that there should be a really dull season is much the fault of the business man himself. There can be no dull season where advertising is continued all the time. There are men in local commercial pursuits who advertise only when buying is active; men who ask for patronage only when everybody is determined to buy something. There are men who advertise only about the Christmas season and do not ask for patronage at any other time, and there are other men who do not advertise at all.

These are the men who for the most part have dull seasons. As a fact they have few seasons that are not more or less dull. The non-advertiser fails to get the cream of any business at any time. His more alert competitor gets it all the time. Nor does intermittent advertising bring the results desired. To make success a certainty advertising should be continuous, should know no seasons except in the change of goods in demand, and should be convincing and well displayed. The man who so stimulates his business has no time to be dull.

ane 8Man, If—

A Chicago man wants to borrow a thirteen-inch cannon, set it upon the top of Pike's Peak and send a projectile into space to upset the Newtonian theory of gravitation and tap the reservoir of electricity which he says exists above the earth's atmospheric envelope. He thinks the cannon ball, if a magnet, will not come back to earth, but will remain in the electric reservoir, and he expects to draw unlimited power down through a wire attached to the ball. If Newton was mistaken and modern men of science are all wrong in their ideas of the construction of the universe and the movements of the planets, the Chicago man is not crazy.—Philadelphia North American.

Unique Tower on New Rhine Bridge.

A unique structure has been erected on the new bridge over the Rhine at Basle, which was recently inaugurated. It is a little tower, showing the forms of a chapel, and is an exact copy of the old tower on the old bridge. This tower was used up to the end of the sixteenth century for the purpose of throwing infanticides into the river.

Covering the Clew.

How to dispose of the corpse is a problem which has baffled many of our cleverest murderers. It has remained for the natives of New Guinea to discover a way out of the difficulty. Some of them clubbed four visitors the other day and then lunched on the result.—Punch.

Russian Artillery Horses.

Until recently the Russian artillery had to be satisfied for the most part with the horses not wanted in the cavalry department. Hereafter first-class animals are to be provided for the artillery, too.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free. DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa

Just Saved From Starvation.

When, in 1891, Miss Balfour was visiting the West of Ireland and studying the condition of the people, she asked one of them how they were getting on in a particular village. "Arrah, miss, sure and if it wasn't for the famine we'd be shtarving."—John Bull.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY make oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886. A. W. GLEASON, *Notary Public.* (SEAL.)

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Some People.

There are some people whose use in the world it would be as hard to define as the uses of pieces of parsley draped around meat on the table.—Atchison Globe.

Pay-Day Friends.

A man has a lot more friends on his pay day than he has on theirs.—New York Press.

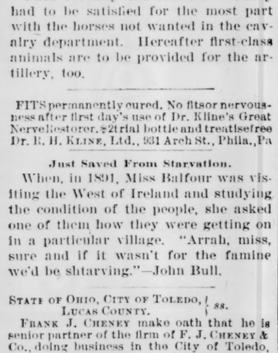
Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

Death overtakes us all, and then comes the undertaker.

Jamsure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—MRS. THOMAS ROBINS, Maple St., Norwich, N. Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

Some fellows can no more keep out of debt than other fellows can help falling in love.

BACKACHE.



Backache is a forerunner and one of the most common symptoms of kidney trouble and womb displacement.

READ MISS BOLLMAN'S EXPERIENCE.

"Some time ago I was in a very weak condition, my work made me nervous and my back ached frightfully all the time, and I had terrible headaches.

"My mother got a bottle of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** for me, and it seemed to strengthen my back and help me at once, and I did not get so tired as before. I continued to take it, and it brought health and strength to me, and I want to thank you for the good it has done me."—MISS KATE BOLLMAN, 142nd St. & Wales Ave., New York City.—*$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.*

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cures because it is the greatest known remedy for kidney and womb troubles.

Every woman who is puzzled about her condition should write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., and tell her all.

GROWTH OF UNITED STATES

Census Bureau Makes Some Interesting Comparisons.

THE PROGRESS OF THE SOUTH

Present Rate of Increase in This Country Double the Average of Europe—Only Argentina Has Shown a More Rapid Rate of Growth—Remarkable Showing of the Southern States.

Washington, D. C.—The Census Bureau has published as a bulletin a discussion of the increase of population in the United States, as shown by the census of 1900. The principal results of the study of these figures are summarized as follows:

The increase in the population of continental United States—that is, the United States exclusive of Alaska and the recent insular accessions—was 13,046,861, or 20.7 per cent. Only one country—Argentina—has shown by the most recent figures a more rapid rate of growth. The present rate of growth in continental United States is estimated as double the average rate of Europe. It is nearly double that of Canada, and exceeds by one-sixth that of Mexico and by one-tenth that of Australia.

In the decade 1890 to 1900, for the first time in our National history, the Southern States increased faster than the Northern. East of the Mississippi, however, the Northern States, as a group, have grown in the last ten years somewhat more rapidly than the Southern, but west of that river the Southern States have increased almost two and one-half times as rapidly as the Northern, and it is this fact which makes the growth in the South as a whole exceed that of the North. In the North Atlantic division the rate of increase has risen steadily since the Civil War, a notable contrast to the trend in the country as a whole.

The region west of the Mississippi River is still increasing faster than that east of it, but the difference between the rates of growth in the two regions, during the period from 1890 to 1900, was little more than one-fifth of what it was during the period from 1880 to 1890. The region east of the Mississippi increased more rapidly from 1890 to 1900 than from 1880 to 1890, while that west of the Mississippi increased in the later decade not much more than half as fast as in the earlier. The conclusion is drawn that the increased growth of the East and the decrease in the growth of the West may both be connected with a probable decline in the current of westward migration.

The rates of increase in the North and the South during the last twenty years were practically the same. But in the character of this growth the two regions differ widely, there being a relatively uniform growth over the whole South, equalized by a balance in the North between a lower rate of rural growth and a higher rate of urban growth. Extensive but sparsely settled areas in the western parts of Kansas, Nebraska and South Dakota show a decline of population in the last ten years, a fact which it is said may be connected with the increase of population in many agricultural counties of Iowa, Illinois and adjoining States.

Between 1890 and 1900 the percentage of increase in the population of all cities having at least 2500 inhabitants was only about two-thirds of what it was between 1880 and 1890 (35.6 per cent, compared with 53.8 per cent.). The increase in the aggregate population living outside of such cities was approximately the same for the two decades (12.4 per cent. for 1890 to 1900 and 12.9 per cent. for 1880 to 1890). The most noteworthy result of the entire discussion, it is stated, is the cumulative evidence of the rapid approach to equality in the rates of increase of various parts of the United States. This appears whether North be compared with South, East with West, or city with country.

JUDGE HOLDS BLACKLIST LEGAL.

United States Circuit Court Decides For Telegraph Company.

St. Louis, Mo.—Judge Rogers, in the United States Circuit Court, refused to issue a restraining order against the Western Union Telegraph Company on the application of the Commercial Telegraphers' Union of America, or to interfere in any way. The decision grows out of charges of blacklisting.

The suit was brought to prevent the Western Union from discharging employes because of their connection with the union. The opinion holds that the telegraph company has the absolute right to dismiss employes because they belong to the union or for any other reason; that there can be no conspiracy to do a lawful act, and that the so-called "black list," composed of the names of discharged employes, may be maintained and given out for the use of others.

NEGRO SAVED FROM A MOB.

Appeal of the Father of the Girl He Assaulted Prevents a Lynching.

Austin, Ga.—Bill Slaton, a negro, was saved from being lynched by a mob through the appeal of the father of the girl he assaulted. He was captured two miles from the scene of the crime.

Just after he had confessed his guilt the aged father of the girl reached the posse and begged that the law be allowed to take its course. Under a heavy guard the negro was delivered to the Sheriff, and he is now in jail at Douglassville.

1800 Charges of Cruelty.

Sergeant Breidenbach, of the Eleventh Infantry, at Berlin, Germany, accused of 1800 cases of cruelty to soldiers, has been sentenced to three and a half years' imprisonment. He whipped one recruit until he drove him to commit suicide.

Two Drowned in a Lake.

John Van Dillon, of Chicago, and Henrietta Wrikkers, of Grand Rapids, were drowned in Black Lake, near Holland, Mich. Their boat struck a log. Neither could swim.

Nine-Year-Old Boy Kills Playmate.

Ivon Cheney, nine years old, of Potsdam, N. Y., shot and instantly killed his nine-year-old playmate, Stephen Narrow, because the latter had threatened to kill Cheney's pet cat. The boy was arrested and is held on a charge of murder.

Southern Yarn Merger.

The organization of the Southern Textile Company, a combination of southern cotton yarn mills, has been practically completed, and the mills will soon be taken over. The company is capitalized at $14,000,000, and will have seventy mills.

Masked Burglars Kill a Boy.

Two masked men entered the boarding house of Joseph Hall, at Sioux River, Wis., bound and robbed the proprietor and boarders in the house, and shot Willie Ernest, twelve years old, killing him instantly.

Both Killed in a Duel.

In a street duel between J. N. Weaver and Walter Kennedy, at Goldonna, Ark., both men were shot to death.

Pet Horse Bit Her Lips.

Mrs. Jerome Merrill while fondling and kissing a pet horse at Norfolk, Va., had both lips almost bitten off.

G. A. R ELECTS BLACK

Former Pension Commissioner Made Commander-in-Chief.

The Next Encampment to Be in Boston—Prohibition of Baseball on Memorial Day Suggested.

San Francisco, Cal.—The Grand Army of the Republic elected the following officers:

Commander-in-Chief—General John C. Black, of Illinois.

Senior Vice-Commander—Colonel C. Mason Keene, of California.

Junior Vice-Commander — Colonel Harry Kessler, of Montana.

Surgeon-in-Chief—George A. Harmon, of Ohio.

Chaplain-in-Chief—Winfield Scott, of Arizona.

General Black was nominated by Past Department Commander Lawler, of Illinois. Under suspension of the rules, General Black was elected by acclamation.

Boston was selected as the place at which the encampment of 1901 will be held.

The Quartermaster, Charles Burrows, said in his report:

"I am able to show an increase in the grand total cash balance of $2347.56, while the inventory of supplies on hand is only $377.70 less than at the last report, being a net increase of your treasury of $1969.86 for eleven months, with an estimated amount due for per capita tax of $500. In response to the appeal in General Order No. 2 for aid to such of our comrades as suffered from the floods in the district of Kansas I received from 209 posts and individuals the sum of $3030, which I have forwarded to the Department Commander, A. W. Smith.

The Chaplain-in-Chief, D. B. Shuey, said in his report:

"There is a growing danger that some will use Memorial Day as a holiday in the sense of pleasure, and thus lose sight of its sacred significance. Baseball games and all kinds of amusements ought to be prohibited on that day, and every effort should be made by municipal authorities and others to prevent its desecration."

The report of Inspector-General F. A. Walsh contained the following figures:

Number of posts, 6711, a loss of five; members in good standing, 255,106, a loss of 9162; aggregate of post relief funds, $360,869, an increase of $25,185; aggregate expenditure by posts for relief, $158,666, a decrease of $60,513. The post Quartermasters and Trustees have on hand $104,878. The value of the property owned by the posts is $1,815,108.

In the course of the session General Miles was called to the stand to make a speech.

The encampment unanimously adopted the following resolution, introduced by Captain P. H. Coney, of Topeka, Kan.:

"Resolved, That we congratulate that splendid soldier, exemplary commander and patriotic citizen, General Nelson A. Miles, upon his attainment of a distinguished and honorable retirement after a matchless record as a soldier of over forty-two years' service, without just criticism of his official conduct, which began as a lieutenant in the Twenty-second Massachusetts Infantry, progressing by the brightest grade of heroic patriotism from Manassas to Appomattox, during the greatest of all civil wars, from 1861 to 1865, and illuminating this record by his great military achievements as a successful Indian fighter and again as a great and judicial military disciplinarian and organizer."

John Charles Black, lawyer, and the first Democratic Commissioner of Pensions, was born in Lexington, Miss., on January 27, 1839. He was educated in the common schools of Danville, Ill., and at Wabash College. He served in the Civil War, rising from private to Brigadier-General. He was Pension Commissioner from 1885 to 1889, under President Cleveland, and Congressman-at-Large from Illinois from 1893 to 1895. From 1895 to 1899 he was United States Attorney for the Northern District of Illinois.

FILIPINO SULTAN APOLOGIZES.

Blames Insane Son For an Insult to the United States Flag.

Manila.—The Sultan of Deseen has appeared before Major R. H. Bullard with a large retinue and has made a full and complete apology for the insult rendered the United States flag and for which reparation was promptly demanded by Major Bullard, then in command. The Sultan declared that his insane son, since disinherited, was alone responsible for the outrage.

The Sultan of Bacalod is reported as refortifying his various camps and demanding a substantial indemnity from the United States on account of war losses before he will tender his submission.

MANY GREEKS KILLED.

Their Church Schools and 322 Houses at Ketchero Blown Up.

Athens, Greece.—M. Ralli, the Premier and Foreign Minister, has communicated to the representatives of the powers here the gist of the reports made by Greek consuls in Macedonia, in which it is stated that the Greek Church schools and 322 houses belonging to Greeks at Ketchero have been blown up by dynamite and burned, and that a number of Greek subjects have been killed.

M. Ralli appeals to the powers to end the excesses in Macedonia, from which, he says, the Greeks are greater sufferers than the Bulgarians and Turks.

Shoulder Straps For Honor Men.

Before leaving Washington Secretary Root issued an order directing that the highest honor men from the six leading colleges to which army officers are detailed as military instructors shall be eligible to appointment as second lieutenants in the army.

Saloon Smashers Fined.

Eight women concerned in the smashing of a "joint" at Wichita, Kan., were arraigned in court and all pleaded guilty to assaults. They were fined $10 each and costs.

The National Game.

Waddell struck out 215 men in twenty-nine games.

Laziness seems to be pitcher Falkenberg's worst fault.

Joe Corbett is pitching sensational ball out on the coast.

Bay, Cleveland Americans, has slumped in his batting.

The Boston Americans lead in long hits, triples and home runs.

Pittsburg has purchased Winham, the Worcester left-handed pitcher.

Pittsburg critics have finally begun war on the gamblers who attend games.

Pickering has scored more runs than any man in the American League.

Parent is playing the best game of any man in the country, Wallace not excepted.

Bill Kennedy keeps up his effective pitching for Pittsburg. And only last fall it looked as if the old man was all in.

President Hermann, of Cincinnati, has become fascinated with the work of doping young players, a la Dreyfuss.

Dick Garvin, a brother of Virgil, the tall Texan with Brooklyn, is to be given a pitching trial in the New York League.

MINOR EVENTS OF THE WEEK

WASHINGTON ITEMS.

The task of framing a currency bill which shall harmonize conflicting interests and stand a good chance of passage at the special session of Congress has been confided to Senator Allison, of Iowa.

The Chinese Government has promised to sign a treaty with the United States on October 8 which will open two Manchurian ports to commerce.

Justice Brewer, of the Supreme Court of the United States, advocated more expeditious trials and the abolition of appeals in criminal cases as remedies for the lynching evil.

Secret Service officers have discovered a new counterfeit $10 silver certificate of the series of 1891, all copies found bearing the number 7,019,348.

A new set of rules governing the entry of Chinese was promulgated in Washington; they were made necessary by the transfer of jurisdiction over immigration from the Treasury Department to the Department of Commerce and Labor.

Judge Gray has appointed Carroll D. Wright umpire of the Anthracite Conciliation Board.

The first meeting of the officers of the new General Staff of the Army was held at Washington.

OUR ADOPTED ISLANDS.

The Postoffice Department has ordered that on and after October 1 United States postage stamps overprinted "Philippines" shall not be accepted for postage on letters or parcels mailed within the United States, and stamps without the overprint shall not be accepted in the Philippine Islands.

The survey for the trolley line between San Juan and Ponce, Porto Rico, which will be constructed at a cost of $3,000,000, has been completed. The survey has been made from both ends of the line, and the serveyors met between Cayey and Aibonito.

Tanbara Gisabuso, a Japanese, was hanged at Honolulu, Hawaii, for the murder of Captain Jacobson, of the schooner Fred J. Wood, on July 30, 1902. The murderer, after ascending the gallows, made a confession of his crime and thanked his executioners for their kindness.

DOMESTIC.

Fire wiped out an entire block in Brunswick, Ga.

Frederick Lueders, an artist, of Santa Barbara, Cal., became a raving maniac setreching for a party of friends in the mountains.

M. C. D. Borden, at Fall River, Mass., said cotton mills were closing down for want of cotton and because they could not buy the raw supplies at present prices and manufacture it except at a loss.

Patrick McHenry, of Newark, N. J., was arrested at Cheyenne, Wyo., charged with the murder of John Neilson, of Blackfoot, Idaho.

A human head, supposed to be that of William Guldensuppe, murdered in 1898, was found by boys near the former boundary line between Dutch Kills and Ravenswood, in Long Island City.

Heavy rains almost inundated Silver City, N. M., and caused a loss of $100,000.

The first bale of the South Carolina cotton crop was sold at Augusta, Ga.

A hailstorm in Daviess County, Ky., did $50,000 damages to tobacco and other crops.

In a runaway at Fostoria, O., Mrs. Wyer was killed and her mother and brother probably fatally injured.

A dismembered and headless human body was found floating in the Mississippi River at St. Paul, Minn.

There was a riot between strikers and non-union men in Benwood, W. Va., in which more than one thousand shots were fired and four men were wounded.

Monsignor Falconio laid the cornerstone at Brookland, D. C., of the Dominican House of Studies, a new building for the Catholic University of America.

Toy manufacturers are forming a trust to include about twenty-five factories in different parts of the country.

Joseph Pulitzer has given $1,000,000 outright and $1,000,000 conditionally to found a school of journalism in connection with Columbia University, New York City.

Governor Durbin, of Iowa, removed Police Commissioner D. C. Reardon, of Marion, for failure to protect the business men of that city during the recent labor troubles.

FOREIGN.

The squadron of the Russian Black Sea fleet ordered to Turkish waters sailed from Sebastopol. Turkey has called out 52,000 reserves.

The Pope promised to consider the question of the appointment of another Cardinal in the United States.

The eruption of Vesuvius continued, and the flow of lava toward Pompeii increased.

The discovery of diamond and other gem bearing beds in Liberia was reported.

Three persons were killed and forty injured by the wreck of a passenger train, which left the rails between Rothenkirchen and Ober-Krinitz, Saxony.

Commander Diacre, of the French Navy, was drowned in the Mekong rapids, near Khong, Indo-China.

The appointment of Admiral Alexieff as Viceroy of Port Arthur and the Amur districts is considered in St. Petersburg to have strengthened Russia's position in the Far East.

A large quantity of provisions has been saved from the Jamaican plantations recently devastated, and the situation in the island was reported improved.

The death toll in the Alps this season has been very large. Already more than three hundred accidents have been recorded, resulting in the loss of 150 lives.

The officials at Constantinople scouted the idea that Russia would make a naval demonstration in Turkish waters.

The House of Lords passed the third reading of the Irish Land bill.

Three men were garroted in Santa Clara Province, Cuba, for the murder and robbery of a planter. All professed to be innocent and refused the ministrations of a priest. Their relatives journeyed to Havana and had pleaded unavailingly with President Palma for clemency.

King Peter of Servia is said to be completely in the hands of the military clique, who are said to have his written approval of the assassination of King Alexander.

Another petition from municipalities on the isthmus urging ratification of the canal treaty was sent from Panama to Bogota.

Broadside Dated 1676.

In rummaging through old papers at the Salem (Mass.) Court House Secretary Geo. Francis Dow has found an old broadside, or print, dated May 3, 1676, issued by the General Court of the Massachusetts Bay Colony. It is the twelfth in point of date in this country, and is a printed copy of the General Court levying ten single country rates, "for defraying the charges already expended upon the warre and other charges arising on the further prosecution thereof." Seventeenth century broadsides are among the rarest products of the New England press, and but eleven American broadsides bearing an earlier date are known to be in existence.

DAN PATCH PACES IN 1:59

The Son of Joe Patchen Lowers Star Pointer's Mark.

Famous Horse Establishes a New Record Under Adverse Weather Conditions at the Brighton Beach Track.

New York City.—A new world's harness record of 1.59 was established at the Brighton Beach race track when in a race against time Dan Patch, the fastest harness horse in the world, and the unbeaten pacing champion, astonished patrons of the turf by overcoming a combination of unfavorable conditions and covering a mile in time a quarter of a second faster than the distance ever was covered by a harness horse before.

The race established an official record and earned for the owner of the horse a prize of $2500 offered by the New York Trotting Association should Dan Patch beat the old best pacing mark of 1.59¼, which officially was held by Star Pointer alone, though Dan Patch himself last year paced a mile in time just equalling Star Pointer's mark, that performance of the new king of the pacers not being recognized as a record, however, because of a technical failure to comply with the trotting rules.

Two runners were sent with Dan Patch, one to precede him and break the force of the wind and the other as a prompter. At the second score Driver McHenry nodded for the word, but there was really little interest at this time, for few believed Dan Patch would even excel his former performance.

When the quarter-mile pole was reached and hundreds saw that the clip had been faster than a two minute gait there was a general awakening of interest. The timers hung out 0.29½, and by the time it was displayed many watches had clicked at the half and the figure 0.58¾ appeared on the timing stand. Then everybody realized that a record-breaking performance was to come, for if the horse came home in an even minute, the record was beaten away off, and he really had a leeway of one-half second more to equal the mark. At the three-quarters 1.29¼ marked the time, and that left him only thirty seconds, for he had fallen away a trifle around the second turn.

Then it was for the first time that McHenry gathered the horse together for a final and decisive struggle. The runner in advance began to tire, and the spectators, wild with excitement, began to shout to him to get out of the way. Without a falter the king of pacers swept under the wire winner of the highest honors that have yet come to a harness horse. The official time announced was 1.59, but the number of watches on the grounds that recorded it faster was too great to be counted. In this connection it may be said that no spectator has the opportunity to time correctly to a fraction of a second, as the official timers have, and the latters' decision is usually the correct one. In this case all the watches held by official hands recorded the same.

Dan Patch has never before, under the most favorable conditions of weather and track, been able to pace as fast a mile and he has been driven in many attempts. Yet under conditions that were decidedly adverse, but with a runner and sulky in advance to shelter him, he eclipsed all his former efforts at the first attempt.

Dan Patch, who now is seven years old, is by Joe Patchen-Zelica, by Wilkesberry, and is the property of W. M. Savage, of Minneapolis, Minn., who bought him last fall for a sum reported to have been $65,000. In all his career on the turf Dan Patch has never been defeated, and his record in races shows but one heat that he lost, that having been at Brighton Beach two years ago. The record that he broke was made in 1898 at the Reedville (Mass.) track by Star Pointer.

PEON KING OF MINES DEAD.

From a Laborer Pedro Alvarado Became a Millionaire Within Six Years.

Chihuahua, Mexico.—Private dispatches received here from Parral, this State, confirm the report of the sudden death at that place of Pedro Alvarado, the mining man, who is known throughout Mexico and the United States. He leaves a fortune in cash amounting to about $70,000,000, according to reliable estimates by those who have been handling the ore from his mine during the past six years.

The value of the Palmillo mine, which he owned, and which he discovered a few years ago when he was a peon, working in a mine at thirty cents per day, is not know, as Alvarado persistently refused to admit mining experts to its workings. It is, however, one of the richest silver properties in the world. Of the $70,000,000 which Alvarado took out of the mine since its discovery, it is said that there is more than $60,000,000 worth of silver bars securely locked in a steel cage at the palatial residence of its late owner. This cage is constantly guarded by a strong force of armed men.

Alvarado recently acquired additional notoriety by offering to pay the public debt of Mexico. He leaves a widow to whom his estate will go.

Germany Wants a Bigger Army.

There seems to be no doubt that the Germany Government, under the impulse of the Emperor, is determined to ask the Reichstag for an increase in the permanent military establishment, by about 20,000 men, to be organized into two army corps, thus raising the standing army to about 647,000 officers and men. The increased annual charge is estimated at $9,000,000, exclusive of equipment.

Army Officer a Deserter.

Having been absent without leave from the Department of Texas for several months, Second Lieutenant Max Sulnon has been declared a deserter.

Manufacturer Killed by Employe.

Thomas R. Morgan, a sash and door manufacturer, at Oshkosh, Wis., was shot to death by Frederick Hampel, a discharged employe.

The Trade Situation.

The general trade of the country has undergone no contraction.

Minor Mention.

Compulsory vaccination is being enforced in the Philippines.

An American gasoline motor bus is in operation in London's streets.

Our manufactories are now three times as valuable as Great Britain's.

Manitoba raised three and a half million bushels of potatoes last year.

The Wireless Telegraphy Congress agreed on principles for the control of international communication.

San Domingo has officially accepted the invitation to participate in the World's Fair, St. Louis, 1904.

The fence around the St. Louis Exposition grounds will be six miles long.

Lack of work in Roumania is causing a renewed exodus on a large scale of Jewish workmen to America.

Railway employes and their families make up eight per cent. of the population of the United States.

Sicily is the home of sulphur. The island exports 360,000 tons a year, of which the United States gets one-third.

The German Reichstag will be asked to authorize the formation of two new army corps, at an annual expense of $9,000,000.

THE MARKETS

Wholesale Prices Quoted in New York

MILK.

The Milk Exchange price for standard quality is 2¼c. per quart.

BUTTER.			
Creamery—Western, extra	19	@	19¼
Firsts	17½	@	18½
Seconds	16	@	17
State dairy tubs, firsts	16½	@	17½
Imitation creamery	15	@	17
Factory, thirds to firsts	13	@	15
CHEESE.			
State—Full cream, fancy	9¾	@	10
Small	10¼	@	10½
Part skims, good to prime	5½	@	6½
Part skims, common	—	@	2½
Full skims	1	@	1½
EGGS.			
Jersey—Fancy	21	@	26
State and Penn	21	@	26
Western—Choice	19	@	20
BEANS AND PEAS.			
Beans—Marrow, choice, 1902	—	@	2 80
Medium, choice, 1902	—	@	2 15
Pea, choice, 1902	2 15	@	2 17½
Red kidney, choice, 1902	—	@	3 30
White kidney, choice, 1902	2 65	@	2 70
Yellow eye, choice, 1902	—	@	2 75
Lima, Cal., 1902	2 45	@	2 50
FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.			
Apples—Jersey, per basket	50	@	80
Fancy red, per bbl	2 50	@	3 00
Delaware, per crate	30	@	50
Maryland, per crate	30	@	50
Pears, La Conte, per bbl	1 50	@	4 00
Bartlett, per basket	1 25	@	1 75
Bell, per bbl	2 25	@	2 75
Kiefer, per bbl	1 00	@	2 25
Huckleberries, per qt	6	@	11
Peaches, per basket	75	@	1 50
Plums, per 8-lb. basket	20	@	40
Muskmelons, per crate	40	@	1 25
LIVE POULTRY.			
Fowls, per lb	—	@	12½
Spring chickens, per lb	12	@	13
Roosters, per lb	—	@	8
Turkeys, per lb	—	@	11
Ducks, per pair	40	@	75
Geese, per pair	90	@	1 25
Pigeons, per pair	25	@	30
DRESSED POULTRY.			
Turkeys, per lb	13	@	15
Fowls, Western, per lb	12½	@	13
Broilers, Phila., per lb	16	@	20
Ducks, spring, per lb	13	@	17½
Geese, spring, per lb	—	@	18
Squabs, per dozen	1 50	@	2 50
HOPS.			
State, 1902, choice, per lb	23½	@	24
1901, choice, per lb	—	@	17
Common to good	12	@	16
Pacific Coast, 1902, choice	23½	@	24
1901, choice	—	@	17
Common to good	12	@	16
HAY AND STRAW.			
Hay, prime, per 100 lb	—	@	1 15
No. 1, per 100 lb	1 00	@	1 05
No. 2, per 100 lb	85	@	95
Clover mixed, per 100 lb	65	@	70
Straw, long rye	75	@	85
SUNDRIES.			
Beeswax, prime, per lb	29	@	33
Maple sugar, per lb	9	@	10½
Maple syrup, per gallon	60	@	80
Honey, clover, per lb	11	@	14
Extracted, per lb	—	@	7
VEGETABLES.			
Potatoes, L. I., per bbl	1 87	@	2 00
Jersey, per bbl	—	@	1 87
Sweets, per bbl	1 50	@	2 25
Turnips, per bbl	—	@	1 75
Tomatoes, per box	60	@	1 75
Egg plant, per crate	60	@	65
Squash, per bbl	—	@	75
Peas, per bag	75	@	1 75
Onions, Jersey, per basket	1 12	@	1 75
Southern, per basket	1 00	@	1 12
Peppers, per box	50	@	60
Lettuce, per case	1 00	@	1 75
String beans, per basket	1 25	@	1 75
Cabbages, L. I., per 100	4 00	@	7 00
Cucumbers, per bushel	1 00	@	1 50
Cucumber pickles, per 1000	3 00	@	3 50
Lima beans, per bag	1 50	@	2 50
Corn, per 100	1 25	@	2 50
Celery, per doz	10	@	40
GRAIN, ETC.			
Flour—Winter patents	3 90	@	4 30
Spring patents	4 85	@	5 15
Wheat, No. 1 N. Duluth	—	@	87⅝
No. 2 red	—	@	87⅝
Corn, No. 2 white	—	@	59½
Oats, No. 2	—	@	39
No. 2 white	—	@	42
Rye, Western	—	@	59
State	58	@	59½
Lard, city	7	@	7¼
LIVE STOCK.			
Beeves, city dressed	6½	@	8½
Calves, city dressed	9	@	12
Country dressed	8	@	11½
Sheep, per 100 lb	2 75	@	3 75
Lambs, per 100 lb	5 00	@	6 75
Hogs, live, per 100 lb	5 85	@	6 40
Country dressed, per lb	8½	@	9½

ILLINOIS' CROPS SMALL.

Wheat Production 20,000,000 Bushels Less Than Last Year.

Springfield, Ill.—The State Board of Agriculture issued a bulletin estimating that the amount of winter and spring wheat produced in Illinois this year is 16,000,000 bushels, or 20,000,000 bushels less than the crop of 1902, and that the value of this year's crop at an average price of seventy cents per bushel, which is the highest price received since 1891, is $11,364,000.

The bulletin also says that for food and seed purposes it will require 21,650,000 bushels in the State, and that therefore over 5,000,000 bushels must be imported.

The oats crop is estimated at 98,000,000 bushels, and the value of the crop $30,000,000. There are 8,000,000 acres of corn planted this year, and the crop is likely to be seventy-four per cent. of the average.

MAY HOLD UP CARS WITH GUNS.

Judge Approves Strenuous Method of Stopping Trolleys.

St. Louis, Mo.—Beverly S. Wardon, who was arrested because when he wanted to board a street car and none would stop drew a revolver and forced a motorman to come to a halt, was acquitted in Police Court.

In discharging Wardon Police Judge Tracy said: "Any street car motorman brought before me on a substantiated charge of passing passengers on the street corner will be fined the limit of the law. Citizens have rights that are paramount to those of a street car company."

Corn Crop Going Backward.

Reports from all parts of Nebraska show that the corn is being injured by the abnormal amount of rain and the cool weather prevailing.

Collections Are Prompt.

Collections are fully as prompt as usual for the season, although in some lines there is less inclination to discount bills.

Preparing For Fall Trade.

Preparations for fall trade are vigorous, many manufacturers working over-time to fill important orders.

Record Trade With Canada.

Commerce between the United States and Canada was larger in the last fiscal year than in any preceding year. This is true both as to imports and exports. The figures presented by the Department of Commerce and Labor show that the imports from Canada amounted to $54,660,410, and the exports to Canada, $123,472,416.

Tone of Shoe Market Firm.

All the recent advances in quotations of boots and shoes are fully maintained, and the tone is firm. Wholesalers and all departments of this industry are busy.

River Full of Bodies.

The river near Monastir, Macedonia, is full of mutilated bodies of women and children, massacred by Bashi-Bazouks, according to a dispatch to the Frankfort (Germany) Zeitung.

Business Failures For a Week.

According to R. G. Dun & Co. the business failures during the previous week numbered 174 in the United States and twenty-two in Canada.

Record-Breaking Apple Crop.

The crop of apples in the United States and Canada promises to be a record breaker.

Gray Hair

"I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor for over thirty years. It has kept my scalp free from dandruff and has prevented my hair from turning gray."—Mrs. F. A. Soule, Billings, Mont.

There is this peculiar thing about Ayer's Hair Vigor—it is a hair food, not a dye. Your hair does not suddenly turn black, look dead and lifeless. But gradually the old color comes back,—all the rich, dark color it used to have. The hair stops falling, too.

$1.00 a bottle. All druggists

If your druggist cannot supply you send us one dollar and we will express you a bottle. Be sure and give the name of your nearest express office. Address J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass

If afflicted with weak eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water**

The Weekly Is the Paper.

The daily papers are all right if you want them, but it is the weekly paper that advertises your business, your schools, your churches, your numerous societies, sympathizes with you in your affliction and rejoices in your prosperity. In short, it is your weekly paper that mentions the thousand and one items in which you are interested during the year and which you do not find in the daily papers.

The mosquito has one strong point, but it is not in his favor.

About Cheese.

A German authority says that over 250 varieties of cheese are made in France. Bavaria produces about 25,000 tons of cheese every year. Holland produces over forty varieties of cheese, Switzerland about forty-five, Italy 200 kinds and Denmark sixty brands. The French varieties which are best known and chiefly exported are Gervais, Camembert and Roquefort.

Even a mobile face may be transformed into an automibile countenance. N. Y. —35

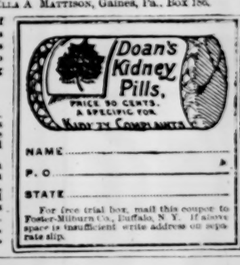
FREE PROOF FORBIDS DOUBT.

GAINES, PA., August 3, 1903.—"I received your sample of Doan's Kidney Pills and since have taken two boxes, and I can truthfully say they are as good as they are recommended to be. When I began taking them I could not bend my back enough to pick up a stick of wood—sometimes could not walk or move my feet—had two doctors but did not get relief. I saw your ad., and got a trial box and have taken two besides, and I am able to do a very hard day's work. Doan's Kidney Pills are a God-send to humanity."—Mrs. ELLA A. MATTISON, Gaines, Pa., Box 186.

The great fame of Doan's Kidney Pills is won by the wondrous power of the free trial to demonstrate surprising merit.

Aching backs are eased. Hip, back and loin pains overcome. Swelling of the limbs, dropsy signs, and rheumatic pains vanish.

They correct urine with brick dust sediment, high colored, pain in passing, dribbling, frequency, bed wetting. Doan's Kidney Pills remove calculi and gravel. Relieve heart palpitation, sleeplessness, headache, nervousness, dizziness.



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For free trial box, mail this coupon to Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. If above space